

\$5.00
per
ton
delivered

Lethbridge Imperial Coal
\$7.50 per ton, delivered
DR. J. B. HARRINGTON, V.S.

Western Globe.

Manitoba Engines
Grinders, Wood Saws, Pumps,
Etc., at ridiculously low prices.
It's a fact, I can supply you
with a 7 horse-power Gasoline
Engine and Grinder complete for
\$190.00 F.O.B. CALGARY

W. R. WINSLOW, Agent
LACOMBE ALBERTA

VOLUME XI

CHAS. B. HALPER, Editor and Manager

LACOMBE, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1916

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR



"Made in Canada"

Ford Touring Car Price \$605

Its performance is better than its price. What any other motor car would do, the Ford will do—and more. Yet it is the lowest priced real motor car on the market. Because our output is set this year at 40,000 cars, we are able to sell the dependable Ford at so low a price.

Morrison & Johnston, Limited
LACOMBE ALBERTA

Ford Motor Company
of Canada, Limited



ESTABLISHED 1864

Paid up Capital and Reserves

\$14,000,000.00

Sound Banking Principles Followed

DEPOSITS RECEIVED—Record your business transactions through this office and receive the benefits and protection a Bank Account affords.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposit your cash surplus in interest bearing account. Cash reserve is the best asset.

MONEY TRANSFERS made at reasonable rates.

ADVANCES made to assist and encourage legitimate business.

Lacombe Branch—W. A. SHIELDS, Mgr.

Documents and Valuables held for our clients free of charge.

Farmers

A study of the following examples may result in a big cut in your expense account:

\$1,000.00 farm risk for 3 years (brick chimneys)—	
Tariff Company, with loss from Prairie Fire,	\$30.00
Lacombe Mutual, 60 p.c., plus \$2.00 fee,	\$14.00
\$1,000 Grain Policy—	
Tariff Company, for 9 months	\$12.80
Lacombe Mutual, for 12 months, \$5, plus \$2 fee,	\$ 7.00
\$1,000.00 School or Church, 3 years—	
Tariff Company, with loss from Prairie Fire,	\$35.00
Lacombe Mutual, 60 p.c. of \$20.00, plus \$2 fee,	\$14.00

Jesse Fraser Agency
Lacombe, Alberta

Stylish Stationery Indicates Refinement

The use of Good Letter Paper is always accepted as an indication of refinement. It need not be high-priced, but should be well chosen.

If you select your Stationery from our stock you will be sure to get the best quality at reasonable cost.

Let us show you our samples of

Private Christmas Greeting Cards

We have cards to suit all tastes, and can Guarantee Prompt Delivery.

The McDermid Drug Co., Ltd.
D. A. Lothian, Manager

THE LEADING HARNESS SHOP

Bargains In

Trunks, Suit Cases, Club Bags, Horse Blankets, Robes and Rugs.

Harness—all styles to choose from

Call and Inspect before you buy

W. L. ELLIOTT
Nanton Street Lacombe, Alberta

Start the New Year Right—
Subscribe for The Western Globe.



The New Models Now on Display

We re-line Fur Muffs, make over Fur Hats, and make Fur Neck Bands.—Millinery Rooms.

Men's Winter Overcoats

Warm Ulsters, Fur-Trimmed and Fur Coats.—Coats with a Guarantee of Good Service, at very Moderate Prices.

\$20.00 buys a fine quality Beaver Cloth Coat, lined with Curl Cloth, and interlined with rubber, trimmed with large collar of dark rat. A very Special Value, at \$20.00

Boy's Fur Collar Coat \$11.00

Heavy Black Cloth Coat; warm lined, and large fur collar—A Coat to delight the boys. \$11.00

Men's and Boy's Warm Underwear

In two-piece and Combination Suits. Bigger than usual stocks to choose from. All sizes now in stock.

McLEOD'S

We are Ready to Supply Your Winter Needs

Readiness to provide you with just what you want when you want it, has always been the aim of this Store—and never have we been better prepared than at present.

Women's Winter Coats In Extremely Smart Styles

The New Models are distinctly Stylish. Expert Tailoring is evident in the cut and finish of the Garments. Even to the most minute detail they show care and skill in construction.

A practical and stylish model is made of Black Seal Plush. Extra full sleeves add to the comfort of the wearer; large turn-back Cuffs, trimmed with plush-covered buttons; long roll collar; large plush ornament with Silk Cord loops, and plush buttons, form an attractive trimming at the waist. It is lined throughout. Price, \$22.50

Popular Priced Coat—\$15.00

Tailored in Brown Checked Tweed; front buttons close up to collar; deep pleats from shoulders down each side of the back. Side straps are held by large buttons; deep patch pockets and turn-back cuffs. A leader at \$15.00

ATTRACTIVE MILITARY STYLE FOR MISSES \$15.00

Made of Belgian Blue Paane Cloth, trimmed with ball-shaped gunmetal buttons and Black Velvet Collar.

British Columbia Apples

Finest Quality Delicious Ripe Fruit.—JONATHAN'S, WINESAPS, BALDWIN'S, WAGNERS, and GRIMES' GOLDEN.

We expect our last shipment of Ontario Grapes to arrive this week. Don't delay ordering your preserving requirements.

Pie Pumpkins, Citrons, Ripe Tomatoes.

\$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25

The Dressmaking Department

Is turning out work that Pleases Our Customers, at Very Moderate Prices.

Scotch Linoleum

Of Fine Quality and long Durability. New Patterns for your selection. 60c square yard

Women's Neck Furs and Muffs

Priced for Quick Clearing

Your choice of the complete stock of Neck Furs and Muffs at one-half to two-thirds of regular value

Just at the approach of cold weather is an unusual time for Fur Bargains, and certainly a Pleasant Surprise for any woman in need of a new Fur. Travellers, samples, as well as our regular stock, is included in this sale.

Isabella Fox Stoles, trimmed with head and tails, \$25.00 for \$15.00

Blended Canadian Rat Stole. Regular \$15.00, for \$8.00

Beautiful Grey Fox Neck Fur and large Muff. Regular \$70.00, for \$45.00

Others, from \$3.50 up

F. E. McLDOD, "The Store of Better Values" LACOMBE

Barnett Ave.**ARNOT'S****Lacombe**

A wide variety of Colored Outing Flannels, 31 to 35 inches wide, of superior quality, at, per yard **12c and 15c**

Soft, White Saxony Flannelette, that needs no recommend per yard **10c to 17c**

The careful housewife will be pleased with these goods and prices. See them.

SATURDAY

Corn, per tin	10c
Peas, per tin	10c
Sugar Beets, per tin	10c
Tomatoes, Vine Brand, per tin	12c
Peanut Butter, 1 lb. jar	30c
Pumpkin, per tin	15c

Grocery Specials**Hard to Purchase**

20 Doz. Men's Cashmere Hose. On Sale next Saturday only. Regular 50c. value, one day only

3 Pairs for \$1.05

NOV. 6th, 1915

Wagstaff's Jam, in glass; Plum, Peach and Cherry, each	20c
Red Raspberries, per tin	20c
Asparagus Tips, Del Monte Brand, per tin	25c
Glasses Tomato Catsup, per bottle	25c
Lombard Plums, 2 tins for	25c

On Saturday, Nov. 13th, Arnot's will Have a Patriotic Fund Sale

5% of our entire day's business will be devoted to the Patriotic Fund. Our prices will not be advanced, and on some lines of goods special inducements to buy will be made. Everyone help the cause along and supply yourself with Seasonable Goods at Arnot's prices.

Canadian Losses are Over 15,000

Canada's participation in this world war is real. Its help is not paper nor parlor help; it is sanguinary help in the forefront of the firing line, and at the points of the greatest danger. Witness the casualties to date, which number 15,000 out of a force little more than twice this number. The Canadians have not spared themselves; they have taken their stand where the shots flew thickest, and when they have clashed with the Germans they have rendered a good account of themselves. At St. Julien, and in scores of other engagements, they have withstood the brunt of the Hun's assaults and have emerged with glorious laurels. Their courage and their stamina have survived the supreme test and have won the admiration of their fellow fighters.

Were we to consider the absence of military training in Canada and the peaceful arts, to which we have hitherto devoted our exclusive attention, this martial prowess of the Canadians would be something strange. But with the men of this country, the fact that they have not made the preparation for and the practice of war a national pastime does not argue that they cannot fight if necessity demands. The power to fight is there, hidden under a peaceful exterior, perhaps, but none the less present and potent.

Three years ago, had one predicted that Canada would have 175,000 men under arms in 1916 and engaged in actual war, he would have been dubbed crazy, yet it was in 1911 that Sir Sam Hughes made the assertion that "before yonder snow melts from the Rockies the British Empire will be at war with the Germans." Sir Sam was laughed at from coast to coast, but he was not far out in his calculation. He was scorned because he wanted to instill a more military spirit in Canada; but he was right. He had grasped time by the forelock; but as are most prophets in their own country, he was laughed at. Today he is directing Canada's participation in the war, and is doing a tremendous important work to the honor and glory of the Dominion and of the British Empire.

And as he is bringing honor and glory to his country, so are the Canadians who are serving the colors, and so will those Canadians who will enlist. It is the tangible expression of their inbred spirit of patriotism, their innate courage and their traditional ability to sacrifice themselves on the altar of patriotism. Canadians know the price of their patriotism, but they consider this price cheap when they pay it for their ideals and their liberty, and for the ultimate peace of the world.

Ponoka News

Mrs. A. D. McGillivray returned from her visit to the Western States last week.

Secretary Hutchinson is paying out the fair prize money. A number of the successful exhibitors are receiving handsome sums.

Martin Haney has returned from the Red Deer hospital, having been a patient there for the past three months, as the result of a serious accident he sustained during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson have gone to make their home in Calgary. John has been in charge of W. J. DeWilde's tonorial business for the past three years, and leaves hosts of friends in Ponoka who regret his leaving town.

Mrs. Rose Mountford, who has been visiting here for the past few months, left for her home in Iowa this week. She has a real soft spot for this district, and has had a very pleasant sojourn.

Dan Binkley paid his many friends in town a visit the other day. He has been employed as an engineer on the C.P.R. all summer, but is now making ready to go on to his homestead in the Spirit River district, north of Edmonton.

This coyote plague is becoming serious, and the farmers are suffering in stock. The chicken coops are invaded, lambs and calves are to their liking. What can be done to exterminate the pests? The government bounty is being advocated, but there

can be little expectation of assistance from this quarter. Fur is so cheap that the Indians have practically given up the hunt, and that being the case, there is only one other alternative—the farmers will have to get busy. During the coming winter the U.F.A. locals should call out the members and organize drives. This ought to help a good deal, and no doubt would be popular as a means of bringing the members together.

Rev. T. Kjos, of Coronation, was in town on Saturday. He expects to locate in Wetaskiwin.

T. W. Franks has moved his law office to the Farmers' Hotel, having rented the rooms just vacated by Dr. Taylor, dentist.

Clive News

Miss Pearl Reynolds returned home on Wednesday from Calgary where she has been visiting with friends.

Douglas McMillan, of the Clive bank staff, is all at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan McMillan.

A large prairie fire occurred on Tuesday north-east of town, destroying a number of stacks of hay. Some seventy-five men were engaged in fighting fire.

The fine weather of the past week has enabled great strides to be made with the threshing operations. A couple of weeks of this Indian summer will see the largest portion of the grain in the district in the granary.

C. E. Chever sold his property to Mr. D. Hudkins. Mr. Chever has purchased six lots south of the lumber yard on which he intends to move his house. We understand that Mr. Hudkins intends to build a house on his new property.

A large number of our town's people met at Mr. J. F. Reynolds hotel on Wednesday evening last. The occasion of the meeting was a farewell party for Mr. and Mrs. Sutton on their departure from Clive, and the form the meeting took was a surprise party. In a neat speech Mrs. J. T. Reynolds said that we were sorry to lose Mr. and Mrs. Sutton, who have been held in such esteem in the community. Mrs. Sutton was then presented with a silver pie dish.

LONGSTREET-WALTERS

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Eaton, 1507 6th St. W., Calgary, was the scene of a pretty though quiet wedding on Thursday, October 21st, when Julia Mae, eldest daughter of Mrs. R. Walters, Bloomfield, Ont., was united in marriage to Richard Newton Longstreet, son of Rev. J. N. Longstreet, of Clive, Alta. Precisely at the hour of three o'clock the bridal couple, who were unattended, entered the drawing room, which was tastefully decorated with ferns, palms and flowering plants. The bride was daintily gowned in white satin veiled with rich lace, and wore a bouquet of white carnations. After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. A. C. Farrell, pastor of Wesley Methodist Church, a dainty lunch was served, covers being laid for eight; the guests including Miss Edna M. Walters, sister of the bride, Miss E. Lillian Hicks, Miss Ada L. Kinnear and Miss Florence E. Eaton.

The happy couple left on the five o'clock train for a two months' honeymoon in Spokane, Portland, San Francisco, and Santa Barbara, the bride traveling in a smart military suit with black velvet hat. Upon their return in December, Mr. and Mrs. Longstreet will reside in Clive.

where the groom is well and favorably known, having always taken an active interest in the upbuilding of the town.

PEOPLE SUGGEST

Because they deserve to succeed, and most people fail because they deserve to fail.

Can you keep accounts? Do you understand shorthand?

Can you use the typewriter? Can you draw a good contract?

Can you write neatly and legibly? Can you figure fast?

Let us show you how. Drop a postal to

**McTavish
BUSINESS
COLLEGE
Edmonton
J. C. McTavish, Pres.**

JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM PROPERTY NEAR RIMBEY, ALBERTA.

Pursuant to judgment and final order for sale there will be sold by Samuel W. Haisley, in front of the Post Office in the Village of Bentley, Alberta, on Saturday, the 6th day of November, 1915, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, The Northwest Quarter of Section Twenty-Two (22), Township Forty-Two (42), Range Three (3), West of the Fifth Meridian, Alberta, excepting mines and minerals, and subject to the reservations and conditions in the grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title.

The vendors are informed that this property consists of 160 acres of good arable land. The soil is black loam with clay subsoil. The property is fenced on all sides with one mile of cross fencing. There is a good well on the property, 100 feet deep with pump. Thirty acres of said land is under cultivation this year. There are the following buildings on the said property: house 28 x 28, with a shingle roof; kitchen 14 x 14, frame, with a shingle roof, and two log barns with hay and sod roofs.

The property will be sold subject to a Reserve Bid. Terms of payment will be 10 per cent. cash on the day of sale, and the balance within sixty days thereafter without interest, or in the alternative 10 per cent. cash on the day of sale, the purchaser to give a mortgage for \$400.00 with interest at 8 per cent., repayable \$75 annually for the first four years and the balance of \$100 repayable at the end of the fifth year, and pay the balance of the purchase money into Court within sixty days after the sale without interest. Other terms and conditions are the standing conditions of the Supreme Court of Alberta as settled by the Master in Chambers. Further particulars may be had from Messrs. Griesbach, O'Connor & Company, Solicitors, Edmonton, Alberta, or from Robert H. Inglis, Lacombe, Alberta.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1915.
J. I. POOLE,
Clerk of the Supreme Court of Alberta, Wetaskiwin.
Approved: A.Y.B. (0.13-3c)
No. 14388

NOTICE**IN THE ESTATE OF****ANN McKAY**

late of Blackfield, in the Province of Alberta, widow, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims on the estate of the above named Ann McKay, who died on the 12th day of August, A.D. 1915, are required to file with Arthur E. Dean, Esq., Lacombe, Alberta, Solicitor for the Executor, by the 13th day of December, A.D. 1915, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the executor will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

Dated this 18th day of October, A.D. 1915.

ARTHUR E. DEAN,
Solicitor for the Executor.
Drawer 414,
Lacombe, Alberta.
Approved: W. A. D. L.
(0.27-3c)

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 10th day of December, 1915, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, twice per week each way, over proposed Botha No. 1 Rural Mail Route, to commence at the pleasure of the Postmaster General.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Botha and Zenith and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Edmonton, 29th October, 1915.
A. W. CAIRNS,
Post Office Inspector.
(N. 3-3c)

NURSING

Miss McQueen is open for engagements as nurse in town or country. Phone 42, Lacombe.
(S. 22-4c)

Every Apple Has Its Season, Eat it Then--You'll Know the Reason

Buy British Columbia Apples

Practice economy by buying British Columbia boxed Apples, and be sure of well-packed, and good-keeping Apples. Buy a box of dessert and cooking Apples, at the same time, and thus have right at hand the right Apple at the right time.

Ask For These Varieties Now

THE WAGNER

This is a medium to large sized Apple, with a thin, smooth, glossy skin, which is bright pinkish red and striped mottled with pale yellow. Its firm flesh is tinged with yellow. Its texture is fine-grained, and is juicy and aromatic. The Wagner is a fine Apple for dessert and cooking.

THE KING

This is another fine Apple, but it is not so well known as some of the other varieties for which British Columbia is famous. It is a large Apple with a bright skin. Its flesh is moderate in grain, and the flavor is high. It is an excellent Apple both for dessert and ordinary use in October and November.

Buy Them By the Box

Get a B. C. Apple Booklet, and become acquainted with these Champions of the world. It is sent free by addressing W. E. McTAGGART, 328 A, Eighth Avenue, West, Calgary, Alberta.

O-Cedar Mops and Polishes



We want you to TRY and TEST the O-Cedar Polish Mop AT OUR RISK. Clean and polish every floor in your house as a test; if it is not satisfactory in every respect, and if it does not prove its worth to you, we will refund your money without a question.

Price for Large Round Mop, **\$1.50**



O-Cedar Triangle Mop

The same as the Round, only smaller—good for getting in corners, etc.

Price **75c**

O-Cedar Polish

One of the best things about O-Cedar Polish is the ease with which it produces a high, lasting lustre. Use it according to directions on bottle. Very little rubbing is necessary. This advantage appeals strongly to housewives, as it saves their strength in applying.

4 oz. Bottle, price **25c**

12 oz. Bottle, price **50c**

Morrison & Johnston Ltd.

Hardware, Furniture, Implements, etc.
Lacombe - - - Alberta

A. GILMOUR

Will pay the following prices delivered in his yards at Lacombe this week:

Choice Fat Steers, 1,200 lbs. and up..... 25c.
Extra Choice Fat Heifers, 24c.
Choice Fat Cows, 23c. to 24c.
Medium to good Fat Cows and Heifers, 2c. to 4c.
Fat Bulls, 24c. to 25c.
Beef Hides, 7c.
Choice Lambs, 7c.

HOGS—Hog prices are so mountain that we cannot quote a steady price. Those wishing to sell, please us for prices.

Further information regarding prices can be had by phoning 20 from 7.30 a.m. till 6 p.m. Night Phone 40.

Farmers and others wishing to buy meat in quarters or large pieces can buy from us at wholesale prices by ordering ahead. A. Gilmour.

Dr. Collier has purchased a new 1915 model McLaughlin car.

Be sure and read the ad. of the Big Sale, at the New Clothing Store, Hotson Block.

Services will be held at St. Cyprian's Church next Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The subject for the evening sermon will be "The Old-Time Religion." Sunday School will be held at 12.30.

Reall Orderlies are a safe laxative even for the most delicate woman or child. Sold only by McDermond Drug Co., The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

The memorial service held in St. Cyprian's Church on Sunday evening last was very impressive and helpful. The music was well and reverently rendered. On Sunday evening next the hymns will be old-fashioned favorites.

United intercession service will be held this (Wednesday) evening in St. Cyprian's Church.

In our report of the Pixey entertainment we omitted to refer to the part of Little Sunshine. The little daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Patstone took it, and filled the bill in every particular. If she had been much bigger the two little pickaninnies wouldn't have been able to carry her in the clothesbasket.

25 and 40 candle-power Tugston lamps at 35c. each. Morrison & Johnston, Limited.

The financial statement of the Pixey entertainment will be given in our next issue.

O'cedar Mops, in two sizes, Triangle, 75c.; Round Large, \$1.50. Also all sizes of the Polish Morrison & Johnston, Limited.

Clear thinking is impossible without healthy bowel action. Reall Orderlies are a specific against constipation. Sold only by McDermond Drug Co., The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

The Women's Institute will meet at the Rest Room next Saturday, November 6th, at 3 o'clock prompt, as there is a great deal of business to transact. The Red Cross ladies have a message for us, and Mrs. Shaw will give the paper on "How to Keep the Girls on the Farm." A full attendance is requested.

See our Maytag Power Washer attached to engine. The greatest labor-saver yet. Morrison & Johnston, Limited.

OUR \$50.00 DIAMOND

The \$50.00 Diamond bought on the basis of size only must stand comparison on that same basis, and must suffer accordingly.

The \$50.00 Diamond bought on the basis of quality, however, need fear no comparison irrespective of size.

Our \$50.00 Diamond is of good size, absolutely perfect, mounted in pure gold.

Denike & Bulger
Optometrists and Jewelers
LACOMBE - ALTA.

See us for Furniture Values. Morrison & Johnston, Limited.

A Parker Shot-Gun was lost a few weeks ago East of Lacombe. The finder will receive a suitable reward on returning it to W. E. Tees, Lacombe.

Mouse Traps, 4 for 10c., at Morrison & Johnston, Limited.

There will be a meeting of the Lakeside U. F. A. tomorrow (Thursday) in the school-house. All members are requested to attend as business of great importance will be before the meeting.

Scott Rutledge, who has been in the district adjusting losses of the Mutual Hail Insurance Co., left for his home in Early, Iowa, on Saturday.

Cold weather soon; see us about Stoves, Ranges, and Heaters. Lacombe Furniture Store.

St. Cyprian's Woman's Auxiliary meets on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Watkins for business.

Car of New Furniture will unload this week at the Lacombe Furniture Store.

If you are looking for a real Bargain be sure and visit the Big Cash-Raising Sale at the New Clothing Store, Hotson Block.

We buy Hides and Furs. Lacombe Furniture Store.

Don't forget and call in at the Big Sale at the New Clothing Store, Hotson Block. All goods being sold at less than original cost in order to raise the cash.

Just the very goods you need for fall or winter are being sacrificed at the Big Sale at the New Clothing Store, Hotson Block.

Mrs. F. E. McLeod will not receive this season.

Mrs. Greve was pleased to see so many respond to her advertisement in last week's issue for violin pupils, seemingly many driving in from the country to secure a term of lessons. If you own a violin or mandolin, why see it hang around? Why not use it, for there is now a capable teacher in town. Think it over. Read the advertisement in another column.

Raw Furs are in good demand this winter. The Lacombe Furniture Store will pay the highest Cash Prices.

See us for Carpets and Linoleums. Lacombe Furniture Store.

The Epworth League, which meets in the Methodist Church every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, extends a hearty invitation to all young people who are not otherwise engaged on that evening to attend these meetings. They are cheery and instructive.

The Dominion Organs are the Best in Canada. We stock them. Lacombe Furniture Store.

DEATH OF MRS. WRIGHT

Mrs. James Wright, after a short illness, died on Friday last at the Lacombe Hospital. The funeral was held on Sunday afternoon, the service being held in the Methodist Church, Rev. Mr. Corcoran, of Blackfalds, assisted by Rev. E. T. Scragg, officiating. The church was filled with hundreds of friends of the bereaved family, nearly everyone in the district turning out to pay their last respects to the deceased.

Mrs. Wright was aged fifty-two years and three months. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Switzer, of Blanchard township, County of Perth, Ont., and her father survives her. Four brothers and three sisters are also left to mourn her demise.

Of the brothers Percy A. Switzer, of Lacombe, is the only one in the West, the other three still living in Ontario. Two of her sisters, Mrs. O. Hooley, and Mrs. Chas. Barnett, also reside in Ontario, while her youngest sister, Mrs. (Rev.) Sparling, is in China. Other relatives in Alberta are Mrs. A. Doupe, of Waskiwin, and Reuben and Ernest Switzer, of the same place, who are cousins. Another cousin, Jackson Coupland, lives at Killam, Alta.

Deceased was married to James Wright in 1898, and came to Alberta with her husband in 1901, settling on the farm east of Lacombe, where she resided until her death. She had a host of friends in the district, as was evidenced on Sunday last, who extended their heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.

Her husband and five children—three girls and two boys—are left to mourn the loss of a devoted wife and mother. Mr. Wright and other members of the family wish to thank all those friends who so kindly rendered assistance.

DEATH OF JOHN MORRIS

On Thursday evening last, Mr. John Morris, a well-known and highly respected farmer of the Lacombe District, died suddenly at his home north-west of town. Mr. Morris was in his usual health on Thursday, and worked as usual, but in the evening, after finishing his chores, he came into the house and sitting down on a chair expired immediately. Heart disease was the cause of his death. The late Mr. Morris was a native of Ireland, and removed to Canada when a young man, living near Perth, Ontario, from whence he went to Michigan, residing there until he came to Alberta a few days ago. He was in his seventy-eighth year. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife and four sons and one daughter. Only one of the children live in Alberta, James, who is farming in this district. The funeral was held on Saturday afternoon, the Orangemen taking charge of the proceedings, and a interment took place in the Lacombe cemetery, a very large number of friends turning out to pay their last respects to the departed.

Mrs. Morris, James Morris, and other members of the family, wish to thank the many kind friends, and especially the members of the Orange Order, for their assistance in making the final arrangements.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES

The anniversary services of the Methodist Church were held on Sunday last, Rev. E. Val Tilton, of Metropolitan Church, Edmonton, being the special preacher. In the morning he took for his subject, "Sociology of Prayer," and in the evening spoke on "The Coming Kingdom of Heaven on Earth." Mr. Val Tilton is a forceful speaker, and was attentively listened to by the large number present at both services.

The annual chicken supper and entertainment was held on Thursday evening. The supper was all that could be desired, and was partaken of by a large number of our citizens. Tables were served from 5 to 8 p.m. To the Ladies Aid goes the credit for furnishing the supper.

And then the lecture, "The Golden Touch," by the Rev. H. Arthur Barton. This was the treat of the evening. Mr. Barton is, gifted with a vast store of humor, and this he passed out profusely, to his hearers, all of whom enjoyed it to the full. The crowning number of the evening was Mr. Barton's rendering of "How Rubenstein Played the Piano." It caused hearty outbursts of laughter as well as making one feel at times the presence of the player. The lecture, entertainment was a treat which shall not soon be forgotten.

The financial side of the anniversary services was upheld very well, and this is always an important part of all such services.

Blackfalds News

November dawned with a clear sky, and the hum of the threshing machine is in the air.

The farmers report a good yield of grain of good quality, a good percentage of the oats testing 43 lbs. and over.

On Saturday evening last a dance was held in the hall. A good time is reported.

The pulpit of the Presbyterian Church was occupied on Sunday evening by Mr. Kirk. Mr. Corcoran, preached at Blindman on the same evening.

Owing to the churches holding chicken suppers at an early date, it was decided to call off the supper proposed by the Orangemen for Nov. 6th.

Hallowe'en passed off very quietly. Very few of the usual tricks were played. Mr. Trout reports the life of a grass widower to be just the right thing.

We were sorry to hear of Mrs. Trout having been called to her old home on account of the illness of her sister, and of her arriving to find that death had claimed another.

Mrs. George Wade and sister, Mrs. Barnes, were called to their old home on Monday on account of the serious illness of their mother.

Mr. Fred Miller sold a part of a flock of sheep on Saturday last.

Mr. Bert Wegborn has started his feed chopping outfit.

Our teachers, Mr. Smith and Miss Hill, plan to attend the North Alberta Teachers' Convention in Edmonton on Nov. 4th and 5th.

Mr. Randolph and family returned on Saturday from a very pleasant visit at Hillside, Delburne, and other points east of here.

Miss Howard has gone to accept a position at Clive. Mr. Addinall paid us a visit on Wednesday evening of last week.

I have 250 sheep for sale. If you have any notion of starting in sheep it will pay you to see them. A. Gilmour. (O. 27-10)

Bentley News

Congratulations are extended to Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Cutler, the advent being the birth of a little daughter last Saturday evening. Also to Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Rimbey upon the birth of a son, which occurred on Saturday also.

A. E. Connelly and sons have just finished threshing 9,227 bushels of grain.

Mr. Wood, who has been living west of Rimbey for some time, has purchased the building which was owned by Mr. Lightbody, and will move his family here in order to put his children in school. He will also conduct a tinmith business. We understand that Mr. Young, from near Gull Lake, is preparing to move to Rimbey in order to place his children in school here also.

Jas. A. Hay and family, and W. J. Webb, left for their home at Calgary last Friday, where Mrs. Hay and children will remain. Messrs. Hay and Webb will return to Rimbey where they still have some contract work to complete.

Mr. Beveridge and daughter moved into their new apartments last Monday.

Mr. Lamb and family took possession immediately of the house vacated by Miss Beveridge.

Mr. Bradshaw, of Wittenburg, is building a house in Rimbey, and expects to move his family here in order to take advantage of the Rimbey schools.

Mrs. Idings entertained her Sunday School class at her home Saturday evening.

The necessity of a new school building is greatly emphasized at present, for notwithstanding the fact that a cottage has been rented in which the eighth, ninth, and tenth grades are being taught. The school building proper is filled to the full extent of its seating capacity. This not only indicates the increase in our Rimbey population, but also shows that our teachers, Mr. George Manson and Miss M. G. Flemming, are doing their duties as teachers, for surely the attendance at school is a correct indicator of the teachers capacity for inspiring the children with a desire to learn.

Gull Lake News

Hayes Hansen, our local crack shot, has to his credit 30 ducks, two geese, and five out of six large white swan, one of the swans weighing 194 lbs., and measuring 74 feet from wing to wing, and 64 feet from head to tail. Not many can boast of such a string this season.

The spook party was well attended considering the healthful Alberta climate.

An interesting temperance programme will be rendered at the Gull Lake School House on Saturday, Nov. 6, at 8 p.m. Admission fee 15 cents for adults, and 10 cents for children. Admission fee for those taking part. Proceeds to go for missionary work and to help pay for a well at the Methodist parsonage, Bentley.

Curtis A. Jones

Scientific Taxidermist

Remember, we do not use old stuffing methods. This is the reason our work is superior in every way.

Rag Work will receive prompt and careful attention.

Our Motto—"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

GLASS ST., LACOMBE.

Mrs. Rose Greve

Professional Teacher of Violin, also Mandoline, can arrange, on short notice, a small orchestra. Have the Best Music for your Balls and Parties. For terms, write, BOX 33, or Phone.

HELPING THE SETTLERS.

The new government of Manitoba has a brand new scheme to stimulate the back-to-the-land movement. The Hon. Mr. Winkler, minister of agriculture, proposes to spend \$750,000 to buy milk cows for needy families. He proposes to form a commission to distribute to families now on farms and families unable to continue the battle for existence in the cities, six cows to every family in need; single men, and those not needing aid, will be barred.

The individual allotments of bovines will cost about \$300. It is thought that these milk cows will enable many struggling farmers, especially in the undeveloped northern districts, to continue their battle until better times; that this government assistance will encourage them, form a basis on which to climb into more contented circumstances, and prevent hundreds from abandoning their homesteads and going into the cities.

That looks like a commonsense proposition. A cow is a pretty valuable asset under any circumstances, and with the revenue that it will afford from milk and the increase in stock, the average homesteader should be able to lay the foundation of a substantial herd with a half-dozen cows—a foundation that will bring independence in a few years. Thirty-six head of stock from six cows are possibilities in a trifle over three years, and the man with such a herd has something not to be despised in these days of high prices.

Some of these days some government in Canada is really going to discover that, with the expenditure of a little money in the right way, it has evolved a plan whereby people will actually be encouraged to settle, on the land.

PERSONNEL OF WAR COUNCIL IS OUTLINED

London, Oct. 29.—The probable membership of the new war council is Premier Asquith, Sir Edward Grey, Earl Kitchener, Lloyd George, A. J. Balfour, Bonar Law, and either Lord Curzon or Lord Lansdowne.

The main difference between the new council and the present war committee of the cabinet is that the new council will possess executive powers, its decisions taking effect immediately without reference to the full cabinet.

The necessity of some improvement in the administration machinery is now almost universally admitted. Thus the Chronicle today says:

"The commons and the country want more efficient conduct of the war, some evidence of provision in our policy of co-ordination in diplomacy and arms. The government's want of forethought in the near east and a gross mismanagement of the Dardanelles affair had, it declares, profoundly disturbed the country."

Much comment is aroused by the probable non-inclusion of Winston Churchill in the new council and his retirement from the government is freely hinted.

The change in the French cabinet indicates even more vigorous prosecution of the war than before.

Austrian reports declare the French have landed 150,000 troops at Saloniki. Some well-informed Serbians still maintain that if the allied armies advance rapidly the road to Nish can be cleared, the vital supply route for the allies made safe, and the main body of the Serbian army saved.

A UNIQUE SALE

This week the New Clothing Store, in the Hotson Block, is putting on a Sale that Lacombe will long remember. The sale is unique in the fact that the prices are astonishingly low, and yet the qualities of the articles are of such a high grade.

Everything possible is being done to raise a certain amount of cash, which is the only excuse for such a gigantic massing of prices. The entire stock of men's and boys' clothing, boots and shoes, and gents' furnishings will be sold unreservedly at the mercy of the public.

Money is what they need, and they are positive that only by such terrific slashing of prices could they raise the necessary amount of money.

To make a success of a sale there are two essential factors necessary—to give what you advertise, however low the prices may be that you quote; and to advertise in a fair and honest way and in plain language what you want the people to buy.

These hard times it is necessary to economize, and when you can do so very easily by taking this great opportunity that the New Clothing Store offers you, it is surely to your advantage not to miss such a great chance. Be sure and be there on the opening day, Saturday, November 6, and participate in the great bargain offered.

Eyeglasses

To be able to fit eyeglasses to any nose that will retain this form of spectacleware, and at the same time improve the appearance, is an art, and as such must be learned. And while there are certain general rules to go by, years of practice and a natural ability are necessary to produce outstanding results.

The average optician succeeds in about 50 per cent. of cases. The rest are failures. You meet these failures on the street every day. The public cannot tell when the lenses correct the eye defect, but we can all see how the Glasses fit the face.

Come and have your Glasses fitted by an expert Optician, who is also an expert in the art of frame-fitting.

"Five Feet Past the Entrance of the Royal Bank."

PAUL HOTSON

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

Royal Bank Building, Lacombe

THE PIONEER MEAT MARKET

Harold Slater -- Lacombe

We will pay the following prices, delivered at Lacombe, for the week:

STEERS, Extra Choice Heavy, \$5.00 to \$6.00
Choice Butchers, 5.00 to 5.50
Common, 900 lbs. up, 4.50 to 5.00
HEIFERS, Choice Heavy, 4.50 to 5.00
COWS, Choice Heavy, 3.50 to 4.50
BULLS, 2.50 to 3.00
OXEN, 3.00 to 4.00
CALVES, 200 to 300 lbs., 5.50 to 6.00
SHEEP, Wethers, 5.50 to 6.00
EWES, 5.00 to 5.50

PHONE US FOR HOG PRICES

Other grades at proportionate prices. We cannot accept this cull stock.

THE SQUAW MAN

The Squaw Man is the special bill at the Rex for Saturday night next, and Dustin Farnum takes the leading role. The story "The Squaw Man" is one of the most interesting ever written, and the photo play is said to equal it. It takes six full reels to give the story, and it keeps your interest from start to finish. Don't miss this great feature at the Rex on Saturday night.

HOME GUARD ORDERS

Parade, Thursday, Nov. 4, and Monday, November 8, at Skating Rink, 8 p.m., without rifles. S. BIRD, Capt., For O. C.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. E. T. Scragg will preach of the Heroic. In the evening at the Heroic. In the evening his subject will be, "German Kultur at Its Apex; the Martyrdom of Miss Cavell."

HE SHOULD BE A WINNER IN THE BALKAN FIGHT

Milan, via Paris, Oct. 28.—The Corriere del la Sera learns from a diplomatic source, that General Radko Dimitrieff will command the Russian forces sent against Bulgaria. He is now in Bucharest trying to induce the Roumanian government to permit the passage of the Russian troops through Roumania.

FRENCH CABINET HAS RESIGNED

Paris, Oct. 28.—The Viviani ministry resigned today. Aristide Briand has been asked to form a new cabinet.

The following statement to the press was made by M. Briand prior to the announcement that he had been asked to form a new cabinet:

"Premier Viviani took steps to enlarge his cabinet. I am continuing them in my turn, but I have no official mandate, since there is no ministerial crisis. Accordingly, the conversation I have had with various political leaders have been only semi-official, and I ask you to explain that it is in that sense that my activities must be regarded. Perhaps I may be in a position to say more very soon."

GERMANY BIDS FOR ROUMANIA'S SUPPORT

London, Oct. 30.—A dispatch to the Morning Post from Bern, Switzerland, says: "Word comes from Berlin that Germany is making a bid for Roumanian support by offering her a loan on condition of her marching against Bessarabia, with a guarantee to her of this Russian province if she succeeds in conquering it."

KAISER WILL BE GOD-FATHER

Berne, Oct. 29.—As a further encouragement of larger families in Germany, Emperor Wilhelm now promises to be God-father, not only to the seventh and eighth sons, born in succession, but also the seventh and eighth and ninth sons born with a daughter, or daughters intervening.

MANAGER OF BANK IS ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF THEFT OF FUNDS

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—Jean N. Matte, an employee of the shell committee, was arrested by Dominion Detective Culver Wednesday and appeared in court yesterday to answer to several charges of theft, and one of forgery, alleged to have been committed while he was manager of the Union Bank at Plantagenet. The amount of money involved is about \$750 and five charges were for accepting savings bank accounts and converting them to his own use. The case was adjourned for a week.

For Sale.—Webster Piano, only used a short time; Mission Oak case; excellent tone. Owner in Winnipeg wishes to make a quick sale for cash. Apply to S. Taylor, Sunnybrook Farm. Telephone 1711. (O. 27-3p)

ESTRAY

Two fourteen weeks' old boar pigs. Notify O. H. Walker. (N. 3-c)

CANADIAN PACIFIC Railway

CHRISTMAS EXCURSIONS

—TO—

Great Britain November 15th to December 31st

Limit five months

By All Trans-Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Canadian Pacific Railway Agents will gladly give all particulars and reserve sleeping car and steamship berths.

R. DAWSON,
District Passenger Agent,
Calgary.

Will Take Some Time But Huns are Doomed

New York, Oct. 28th.—In a leading editorial this morning, under the caption, "Germany is Beaten," the New York Tribune, which upon several occasions during the progress of the war, has published editorials showing close study and unusual insight in the brilliant situation, says:

"If there were needed any evidence of the actual, as contrasted with the apparent condition of the European struggle, it could be found without difficulty in the statements of German public men, German newspapers, and German people. After 15 months of strife, after conquests, victories, triumphs unequalled since the Napoleonic era, who is it that is talking peace?"

"Take the public statements of German statesmen, take the comments of the press, is there any mistaking the fact that in all, at some point, the word 'peace' crops up?"

"Victorious peace, or some other be-advised peace it is, to be sure, but peace. Travellers returning from Germany recently agree that the only real qualification to German confidence is found in the apprehension of a protracted war. Peace now means victory—but next year?"

The Tribune compares the German successes, to those of the Confederate successes in the Civil war, and says: "With proper allowance for the difference in size, the essential fact is the same. It continues:

"Yet, reading history, looking back now, nothing is clearer than that the south was always doomed, unless it could get an early decision on the battlefield. Out-numbered, inferior in population, resources, cut off from a sea-borne commerce, the south was condemned to defeat unless on the battlefield it could win a victory which would destroy the armies before it."

"Precisely, this the south could never do. It could win battles, campaigns, operating as do the Germans, on interior lines; it could concentrate superior forces at the important point, while inferior in numbers as a whole."

"But its victories fell short of the essential requirement. Steadily the armies of its foe grew stronger, its own numbers weaker. The whole world contributed to the arming and munitioning of northern armies, as the whole earth now contributes to the allies."

"All this was not perceived at the outset, or until almost the close of the Civil war. Despondency and despair were common at times, when, as we see it now, victory for the north was already assured."

"Compare northern depression after the bloody and fruitless campaign from the wilderness to Cold Harbor with British depression now, and the thing is patent. Yet this campaign broke the back of the south by the sheer attrition of Lee's army."

"With all the various differences in degree between Germany and the confederacy, the main fact is the same. Germany and her Austrian ally are outnumbered; the wealth and resources of Great Britain, France, Russia, and Italy are incomparably greater. Sea power has destroyed German commerce, sealed off German harbors, while for the allies the sea brings all the resources of America and the colonies to the battle lines."

"The single significant fact in the military situation now is that Germany is bleeding to death. German soldiers on three fronts are killing British, French, Russian, and Serbian troops—but to match this these are all killing Germans. The terrible drain on German manhood is utterly disproportionate to the drain on any one of her opponents, although collectively their losses may exceed German losses."

"It may take a year, two years to bleed Germany white; it took four to grind the seed corn of the confederacy. But the thing everyone who would understand the war must recognize is that the process is going on steadily, remorselessly, and that as it goes on Germany continues to fail to get the decision."

"To go to the Balkans, Germany has had to abandon her Russian drive. Apart from a local operation for Riga, all efforts to crush the Russian military power has been abandoned, and Russian has been left to recapture, as France and Britain were left after the Marne and the Yser. In the west Germany is hanging on, but no more. In the east, save about Riga, Russia is on the offensive. Yet Germany has hardly sent more than 250,000 troops to the Balkans."

"Viewing the war from this angle, it is clear why German statesmen talk and think of peace. There is no corresponding talk in London, Paris, Petrograd. The apparent losers, the nations which have so far lost, are not discussing peace on any

terms, but out of Germany, despite censors, official warning, and patent effort, there emerges ever-growing talk of peace."

"When the Germans have opened the road to Constantinople, destroyed Serbian resistance, temporarily asserted their supremacy in the Balkans, nothing is more certain than from one end of this earth to the other every German, and every German sympathizer will talk peace. Every influence that can possibly be exerted will be called into play to procure a settlement."

"But no American should mistake this. It compares admirably with those frantic but abortive peace conferences of 1914, when the South was already beaten, but southern influences in the north, combined with the pacifist and the war-weary, in the attempt to prevent the inevitable and avert the final scene at Appomattox, which every soldier now knows was but a question of time."

"And if Germany fails in her peace efforts then the end is assured. Her defeat in the war is as certain as was that of the confederacy after Gettysburg—unless she can tire out her opponents."

RUSSIA PREPARES GREAT OFFENSIVE; RAISING MILLIONS

London, Oct. 29.—The Morning Post's Petrograd correspondent telegraphs:

"Russia before long will have a vast number of men available for service. They will not, I understand, actually bear arms. Russia has wider views than merely the provision of soldiers. Of the millions who now will be summoned, while all will be under strict military law, the majority are intended for perfecting services on which the success of the fighting forces at the front depends."

"Within a brief period all Russia will be turned into a military camp. Factories, iron works and engineering shops already have been appropriated for the manufacture of everything needed for the success of the armies in the field and also, in all probability, the railways will be served by men under military discipline."

"In other words, Russia is about to do what Germany wisely did at the outset of the war. All able-bodied men of the nation must serve, some with the rifle and bayonet, gun or maxim, pick and shovel, but with the equally necessary tools of peace."

GERMAN SOLDIERS TREATED JUST LIKE CRIMINALS

London, Oct. 29.—The Times publishes this morning extracts taken from the diary of Private Becker, of the 6th company of the Ersatz Battalion of the Third Foot Guards of Landstrum, professor of Latin at the gymnasium of Bonn. The writer throughout makes complaints of the brutalities practiced by German officers and non-commissioned officers on soldiers. August 7, when on the Russian front, Becker wrote:

"March of 17 to 18 miles. Everywhere graves, bodies of horses unburied, or only half covered, flies, death. One lives like a beast in this filth. Disgusting conduct of officers. Officers divide presents from home among themselves. They take away the canvas from the men and have tents put up for themselves in which to wrap themselves comfortably. They go on a spree, steal bread and wine out of wagons, and all the while they are drawing large rations."

"On August 9 Becker wrote: 'We are now three miles from the front. The third company has come back. All the men I knew in it were either dead or wounded. They are horribly tired and their morale is low.'"

"August 13: 'Everybody is fed up with the war, and especially with the whole of the military regulations. It was 5 o'clock in the afternoon before we got anything to eat, for we had to march past before Prinz Eitel Friedrich. The prince looked well and seemed in good spirits. He might almost have been having a treat.'"

"August 14: 'In action. The regiment lost about 170 men. It is stupid to attack so strong a position; muttered Captain B.'"

"August 15: 'In pursuit of the Russians. Worn out by excitement and hunger. Colonel, major, captain, laugh boisterously, their faces beaming and shining with fat. For us, hardships, dirt and hunger. We are treated like criminals and worse.'"

GERMAN OFFICERS HAVE BEEN CAUGHT

New York, Oct. 28.—The six

officers of the interned German raider Kron Prinz Wilhelm, who escaped from Norfolk, Va., October 10, in the yacht Eclipse, were captured at sea by a British warship, according to information in a letter received here today. The letter was sent to William Wolff, a New York manufacturer, by his mother-in-law, who was a passenger on the steamer Bermudian, which left New York for Hamilton, Bermuda, last Wednesday.

According to the letter, the Bermudian was stopped a short distance from its destination by a British cruiser, which engaged the passenger vessel in wireless communication. The substance of the talk, as told by the wireless operator of the Bermudian, was that the cruiser, the identity of which is not given, had overtaken the missing Eclipse at sea, made prisoners of the German officers, and sunk the yacht. The letter gives no other details.

BRITAIN'S WEALTH

It is only since Britain came to America to borrow money that the world has begun to think of the enormous wealth of Great Britain.

The estimated wealth of the British people in 1914 was about \$85,000,000,000. The present debt, which approximates \$10,000,000,000, including the present issue of \$500,000,000, represents less than 12 per cent. of the estimated present wealth of the British people, whereas the national debt in 1816 amounted to 36 per cent. of their estimated wealth at that time. Interest on this loan of \$500,000,000 equals only one-fifth of one per cent. of the total estimated income of the British people in 1914.

Since the establishment of the national debt of Great Britain two hundred years ago, it has been the policy of the British government to pay out of income, in times of peace, not only all ordinary and extraordinary expenditures, but also large amounts in the reduction of the public debt. At the close of the Napoleonic wars in 1816 the British government immediately went to work on the problem of reducing the debt, and, although in the course of the succeeding century additional debt was incurred in times of special emergencies, the government's policy resulted in reducing the debt 20 per cent. by 1914.

During the ten years ended March 31, 1914, the government reduced the public debt over \$430,000,000 out of ordinary income. Whereas interest on the national debt consumed 11 per cent. of the people's estimated income in 1816, in 1914 interest on the debt amounted to only three-quarters of one per cent. of the estimated income of the British people.

The amount of British capital annually invested abroad in recent years is estimated at \$800,000,000, and the total foreign and colonial investments are estimated at \$17,500,000,000, representing about 20 per cent. of the accumulated wealth of Great Britain. The estimated income of the British people from foreign and colonial investments is approximately \$900,000,000 annually, or about thirty-six times the \$25,000,000 interest charge on this, the only external debt of Great Britain. The estimated total annual income of the people of Great Britain, increased from \$1,500,000,000 in 1816 to \$12,000,000,000 in 1914, an eight-fold increase. On the basis of its present income, Great Britain could support, with no greater burden on the people than was successfully carried during the Napoleonic wars, a national debt of \$40,000,000,000 bearing interest at 5 per cent.

THREE MONTHS IS GERMANY'S LIMIT

London, October 27.—Hillaire Belloc sums up as follows the military and political aspects of "the new move in the near east."

1. "It is the last effort of the Austro-Germans to create a diversion before their effectiveness begin to fail. That they can keep these at full strength six weeks more is doubtful, more is improbable. That they can keep them three months more is mathematically impossible."

2. "The efforts are mainly a political object. German control in Constantinople, with full opportunities for munitioning and equipping the Turks, would have a great effect through all Asia, and the Mohammedan world. The calculation is that this would compel Britain and France to drain off great numbers of men to this field."

3. "The Austro-Germans are compelled to make this effort with such insufficient forces that they would never have undertaken it without the aid of Bulgaria."

4. "Therefore, it is certain that Bulgaria's aid is given only at a price—one may conjecture only for a time. Bulgaria holds the door to Constantinople."

"Therefore we shall not fully understand this probably doubly treasonable Bulgarian plan until we see what form it will take when the Austro-German decline in effectiveness begins in the very near future."

Before buying your threshing machine, get our wholesale price, A. Gilmour.

DVINA CHOKED WITH BODIES OF GERMANS

London, Oct. 28.—"Accounts have reached here," says a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd, "of a spectacular sight on the Island of Daln, on the Dvina river, a few miles southeast of Riga, whither the Russians, lured the Germans, allowing them time to install themselves before beginning a bombardment from both sides."

"Spectators from Riga who witnessed the cannonading from a bridge across the Dvina saw the river choked with German corpses floating down stream and stated that the German forces had been almost entirely wiped out."

Are You Going to Build?

If you are thinking of building, call and get an estimate from us. We have a new, clean Stock of the very best in

Lumber

and

Building Material OF ALL KINDS

You will find our prices as low as any.

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We are showing a full line on
**Fall and Winter Over-
coatings and Suitings.**
Suits to Measure from \$17.50

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CLEANING and PRESSING
Allan St. Opp. Adelphi Hotel

An Experienced Executor

The administration of a Will calls for wide experience in Financial and Commercial Matters. This Trust Company offers you the experienced services of a body of successful business men. They have every qualification for the perfect administration of your Will. Write for our Booklet on "Wills."

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Calgary, Alberta.

Public Administrator and Official Assignee for the Judicial Districts of
LETHBRIDGE, MACLEOD, CALGARY, WETASKIWIN.
J. G. PRATT, Inspector, Lacombe, Alberta.

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Oiling and Repairing Harness promptly done at

The Lacombe Harness Store
H. L. BROWN, Prop.
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Everything in Lumber and Building Material.

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Deering Farm Machinery

Gasoline Engines; Threshing Outfits; Democarts; Top and Open Buggies; Hayfork Tracks and Fittings; Fanning Mills; Smut Cleaners; and a full line of repairs for same.
Transfer Agency for Deering Machinery.

Warehouse—Alberta Street, Lacombe.

Alex. Leslie

AGENT

Watt & Hay

And What They Say

We Are Headquarters for Gloves and Mitts

A Big Range now shown—the kind that wear!

Beautiful Winter Caps

Comfortable and Durable

A shipment of New Fall Hats, in Brown, Navy, and Black—just here.

Genuine All Wool Sweater Coats, in most Colors; moderately priced, considering.

CLOTHING (our stronghold) a good selection. See it.

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing well done.

We need your money—bring it in—we'll give you something for it.

Watt & Hay

McLear Block - Lacombe

Libor Peterka

has just opened out a full line of

Men's and Boy's Boots and Shoes
Rubbers, Overshoes, Mitts and
Gloves, Felt Shoes, Sheepskin
Shoes, Shoe Packs and
Moosehide Moccasins

Which he is selling at
Prices never before heard of in Lacombe

Call and look over his stock before getting your winter necessities.

Libor Peterka

Boot and Shoemaker
Barnett Avenue - Lacombe

Borrowing Money From the Banks

Guiding Principles That Should be Observed in the Transaction.

A useful work is being done by the Grain Growers' Guide in giving Western farmers some lessons in the elements of finance. In a recent number of this publication appears an article entitled, "Borrowing From the Bank," which not only furnishes the agriculturist with useful information, but may be taken to afford any borrower valuable pointers on the subject. The article is well worth production.

One of the most frequent financial transactions of the average farmer is the borrowing of money from a bank. Banks exist chiefly for the purpose of receiving deposits and making loans, and the greater part of their profits comes from the difference between the interest which they pay to depositors and that which they charge to borrowers. It is to the interest of the bank, therefore, to lend as much money as possible and the borrower is just as necessary to the success of the bank as the depositor is. It must not be supposed, however, that when the bank receives deposits at 3 per cent. and makes loans at 8 per cent. that it is making a profit of 5 per cent. on the transaction. Out of this margin expenses have to be paid. Rent (or interest on capital invested in bank buildings), light, heat, wages, stationery, taxes, insurance, and all kinds of office expenses have to be met, and provision has to be made to cover losses that occasionally occur through borrowers failing to repay their loans.

The complaint is frequently made that banks make a practice of charging a higher rate of interest to farmers than to manufacturers and those engaged in some other lines of business. This is no doubt true, and it is a fact that some farmers pay higher rates of interest than others. Perhaps they wonder why. The bankers contend that they have to charge farmers more than they do manufacturers because the risk is greater and the expense of management and collection is higher. The rate of interest which a bank charges depends very largely upon the security which is given for the repayment of the loan and the reputation which the borrower has for meeting his obligations promptly. The funds which banks have to lend, or the greater part of them, consist of money which is deposited by the public and may be withdrawn at any time. It is, therefore, necessary that they should—in case of emergency—be able to secure the return of the money which they lend within a comparatively short time, and it is the practice to make loans for three months or less, renewing the loan when it becomes due if necessary and desirable. If the manager knows from experience that a customer can be absolutely depended upon to repay a loan, or be on hand to arrange for a renewal on, or before the day it becomes due, he will be much more likely to make the loan, and at a reasonable rate of interest, than he would to give the same accommodation to another man who was unbusinesslike and who was quite liable to neglect the matter until the loan was weeks overdue, and not even appear at the bank to make an excuse until notices, letters, and finally a threat of proceedings had been sent to him.

Banks, of course, have not an unlimited amount of money to lend and naturally they choose to place it where it can be loaned with the least risk and collected with the least trouble. In order to get credit at reasonable rates, therefore, a farmer must have a good reputation. He must show from his methods of farming and from his way of conducting his affairs that he is to be relied upon.

The purpose for which money is borrowed must also be a proper one in order that the farmer may be sure of securing the accommodation that he desires. Chartered banks in Canada are not permitted by law to lend money on the security of real estate and large amounts needed for the purpose of making permanent improvements, should be borrowed for a term of years on mortgage from some other source. The function of the bank is to make loans which are required for a few weeks or months to finance the farm operations. The farmer always has to wait, sometimes for a year or more, before he receives a return for his labor and for his expenditure upon raw materials. He plows in the fall, harrows, seeds, and packs in the spring, cuts in summer, and threshes in the fall, and receives not a cent for his labor and the labor of his hired help until later in the year when he delivers his wheat at the eleva-

tor. Meanwhile he has many expenses to meet, for feed, seed, and twine, for hired help, and for living expenses. Under these circumstances, when the harvest is reasonably assured, the farmer is fully justified in borrowing a moderate sum from the bank to pay wages, buy twine, and meet other necessary expenses. He has increased his wealth, but it is not in a realistic condition, and he is merely anticipating the sale of his crop. Again, the farmer has a bunch of young cattle or hogs which are ready for fattening and need feeding for a few weeks to fit them for market. He may have no feed and no cash to spare with which to purchase it, and it is good business for him to borrow money with which to buy feed. Or the reverse might be the case, and the farmer, having a quantity of hay or low grade feed only for feed, but no stock to feed it to. His best course is to buy cattle or hogs and market his crops on the hoof. A loan for such a purpose is a perfectly legitimate and reasonable thing and a reliable man should always be able to borrow from the bank under these circumstances. The principle which should underlie all loans, big and small, long and short, is that the operation or improvement for which it is borrowed should itself provide for the repayment of the loan, with interest, and also return a profit to the borrower. It is not the business of a bank to lend a man money because he is hard up. Friends make loans of that kind, and that often ends the friendship. The business of the bank is to lend a man money so that he can increase his productive capacity and add to the commerce and prosperity of the country.

FREE TRADE FALLACIES

As might have been expected, the Calgary free trade newspaper cannot agree with The News-Telegram that it was not through free trade alone that has resulted in Great Britain attaining its present commercial position. But, because a newspaper with a sort of free trade mania imagines that the particular policy which it hugs to its bosom is a panacea for every conceivable commercial disadvantage, that does not make it so. As a matter of fact, every sane man knows that direct water communication with the world at large is of greater value to a country than any other single asset. In that, chiefly, we find the secret of Britain's supremacy, coupled with early and continued efforts at colonization, assisted by an ocean marine that is possible in the case of no other known country.

For centuries Britain has been mistress of the seas; yet Britain has had a free trade policy only for something over a half-century. One hundred years ago Britain's commercial supremacy was as great as, or greater than, it is today. And, by reason of being mistress of the seas, in addition to the spirit which took Englishmen over those seas to every corner of the globe, where British trade posts were firmly planted, generally before any other nation knew of the existence of trade opportunities, Great Britain has enjoyed an advantage which no other nation has been able to wrest from her, not because of Britain's trade policy but because of the control given her through her ships and her connections.

Undoubtedly, as our contemporary declares, Great Britain is the greatest manufacturing country in the world; yet the free trade organ will have to show us why Britain, with its ships, seaports, and water connection with the whole world, could not have made greater progress by protecting its home market from the manufactured goods of other countries and at the same time framing a tariff whereby the raw material needed for manufacturing both for the home and the foreign market entered Britain free of duty. That kind of tariff protection would not have reduced Britain's manufacturing; but, on the other hand, would have increased it, for it would have stopped Britain's natural commercial enemy from dumping its "Made-in-Germany" wares into the little island, to the detriment of British workmen. It is not so much what Britain has accomplished, as what she could have accomplished under a well-regulated tariff protection, that is the point to be considered.

The free trade organ's delusion about "artificial trade obstacles" will not affect the economic situation of a country one way or the other. With a long

rail haul, such as has to be made from the province of Alberta, Great Britain would starve to death on free trade; for her transportation conditions would prevent her from competing with any other country in the world's markets; while any other country, with water communication, such as Britain has, would have such favorable entrance into foreign markets that those markets could be supplied at a profit to the manufacturer and the surplus dumped into the country with the long rail haul at such a price that even the advantage in the matter of haul could be overcome by the foreign competitor. The handicap of Britain, if it existed as Alberta is, would be further increased by the fact that, even if the home manufacturer was able to overcome the disadvantage of the long rail haul, he would be confronted with a tariff at the door of almost every country where he knocked for entrance, while his own home market could be flooded with the over-plus of the world.

These free trade theories are much like the ideas some pacifists cherished a few months ago about the war. There's never any danger of war so long as every nation in the world is against war. And free trade may be a fine thing for a country so long as every other country practices free trade. But when one nation decides to fight, self-protection is one of those essentials which tend to self-preservation. And when nearly every other nation protects itself in a commercial way with a protective tariff, it would seem to be pretty good business for Britain to do likewise, lest the day will come when, despite its other superior advantages, it may find that it can no longer be maintained on theories. The business man of this or any other country who goes into the protected territory of a foreign competitor looking for business, and permits the foreign competitor to come into his home territory on an equal basis with himself, is going to have a rather hard row to hoe. And what applies to one business man applies to a nation of business men.

However, our contemporary forgot to tell us—if it is free trade, as intimated by Dr. Michael Clark, which is enabling Great Britain to finance the present war—what is it that is enabling the United States to come forward and loan Britain the largest amount ever loaned by any nation to another? Unless we are greatly mistaken, the U. S. is the most highly protected country on earth. It has attained a fairly enviable position as an industrial nation under protection. It has, if we are not mistaken, not only built up a pretty good home market—at least good enough to tempt the morning paper and Michael Clark to court it for Canadian farmers—but has at the same time sent such things as automobiles, jewelry, watches, etc., to Britain in such quantities that even the British chancellor has come to the conclusion that it would be much better to put a tariff on such foreign luxuries than to place the whole tax on tea, sugar, coffee, rice, and other things which the British workman has to eat, even though Americans get the wages on the manufacture of the foreign wares that have gone into free trade Britain without tariff tax.

The local free trade newspaper should do all its applauding of free trade now. The chances are that it will not have Britain very long to put forward as an example of supremacy secured through free trade.—News-Telegram.

HENS WELL HOUSED WILL LAY ALL WINTER

Possibly no subject in connection with poultry husbandry has been more neglected by farmers generally than that of poultry-house construction, although few subjects are more important. The trouble is that most farmers have one of the old-fashioned hen-houses, and the feeding is prevalent that to spend money on new fangled ideas would be to put it mildly, a most uncertain investment.

The fact remains, however, that many of these old houses are entirely unsuited for the purpose for which they are intended and though fowls may live and even lay in them, no hen can be expected to do her best in unsanitary and uncomfortable surroundings. Nor is there any necessity for this undesirable state of affairs to continue, since remodeling would occupy but little time, while the expense is merely nominal.

It is not the intention, at the present time, to attempt to cover this important subject in its entirety, but merely to point out in a general way what to aim for, and what to avoid, when remodeling an old hen-house or constructing a new one. In the first place, as to size. If constructing a new house, it will be necessary to determine the size of the flock which it is

intended to keep and build the house accordingly. In the case of an old house, the process must, of course, be reversed, and the size of the flock made to conform to that of the house. Above all things, don't overcrowd. It is well to allow, at the least, four square feet of floor space for each bird, while in the case of large birds, such as Brahmas or Langhans, especially if kept in small flocks, six square feet per bird is not by any means too much. In connection with overcrowding, "Safety First" is a good motto.

Undoubtedly the best floor is a cement one. The old earth floor is excellent so long as it can be kept sweet, but this is very difficult of accomplishment, and, moreover, when the time comes in removing the sour earth and refilling once or twice a year is taken into account, it will be seen that the loss thus entailed would soon cover the expense of the installation of a cement floor. Board floors are undesirable, as they are not so sanitary as cement, and besides that, they furnish a hiding place for rats and other pests.

It is not always possible to select the best location for the house, the location is, of course, already selected. Wherever this is possible, however, it would be well to remember that a high and dry location, on sandy soil, and with a southern exposure, would be most likely to ensure that your house would be dry and sanitary. In every case, the house should be so arranged as to admit the greatest amount of sunshine possible.

As to the rest of it, so much depends upon other local conditions that it is impossible to devise any one best method of obtaining the end desired. It should be remembered, however, that what is principally necessary in all hen-houses is adequate ventilation without draught. Formerly ventilation was sacrificed to warmth, the whole building being sealed up so closely that, as of course is inevitable in such cases, the birds had to breathe the same air, with all its impurities, time and again, to say nothing of the equally disastrous effect that the place became damp. Birds kept in such a house all winter will almost surely suffer from roup, and other ailments, while those more

hardy birds which manage to avoid actual illness, will never do satisfactorily in the way of egg production.

If the house is deep enough to prevent snow from blowing in on the roosts, it is best, in the opinion of the writer, to leave the entire front out altogether and at all times. If, however, the house is not sufficiently deep for that, the next best contrivance is the curtain front. Ordinary cotton, or thin canvas, tacked across the open front, or where in other circumstances the window would be, is all that is necessary.

If for any reason neither of these plans is practicable, adequate ventilation must be provided otherwise. A good large ventilator may be placed in the roof, the ceiling being packed with straw to prevent a draught, the consequences of which will be almost as disastrous as no ventilation at all. To be healthy, vigorous, profit-earning hens, the birds must be kept in houses giving room for plenty of exercise, admitting plenty of sunshine, any amount of pure fresh air, free from draughts, and dry. With proper feeding, and in such a house, the hens will take an everlasting delight in filling the egg-basket, even though the temperature be below zero.

KING GEORGE HURT IN FALL FROM HORSE

London, Oct. 29.—An accident to the king happened yesterday morning. The king was thrown from his horse and severely bruised. The following official announcement was made:

"While the king, this morning, Thursday, was inspecting, his army in the field, his horse, excited by the cheers of the troops, reared up and fell. The king was bruised severely, and will be confined to bed for the present. A later bulletin, under today's date says: 'The king has had a fair night, with some sleep. The temperature is now 99.2 and pulse 76. His majesty's general condition has improved, and no complications have arisen. It is understood that the accident to the king was not serious although no details have been made public beyond those disclosed in the official announcement.'

C. C. CURTIS

Dealer in
WOOD, COAL, ICE.
DRAYING A SPECIALTY.
Agent for Cardiff Coal.
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Prompt Delivery our Specialty.
Phone 76.

NOW is the Time to Order Your Storm Sash

We Can Get Them Quick

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Atlas Lumber Company, Ltd.
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Careful Attention given to Commercial Trade
First Class Rigs and Good Drivers

Draying on Short Notice
LACOMBE - ALBERTA

CREAM WANTED

We Pay Spot Cash for Cream and Eggs

The Lacombe Creamery
G. A. Anderson, Prop.

BUSINESS CARDS

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A. M. MacDonald, B. A. J. S. McBride
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries and Conveyancers.
Solicitors for Town of Lacombe, Merchant's Bank of Canada, Union Bank of Canada, R. G. Dunn & Co., The Colonial Investment & Loan Company, Etc., Etc.
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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary.
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Arthur E. Dean
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc.
Office, Day Block, (opposite Post Office), Lacombe, Alta. Money to Loan.
(113-1y-c)

JOHN McKENTY
Notary, Conveyancer, Accountant, Official Auditor, Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Office: DAY BLOCK, Lacombe.

Alexandra Chapter No. 4
Order Eastern Star
Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of each month in the Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers and sisters always Welcome.

FLOUR MILL OPEN EVERY DAY
The Lacombe Flour Mill will be open, every day, commencing Monday next, Oct. 11. Flour and chop for sale. Custom chopping done every day. Chopping, 6c. per 100 lbs.; rolled chop, 10c. per 100 lbs. D. M. REEVES, Proprietor.
(O. 6-4c)

PHONE 153. P.O. BOX 74

Dr. R. Roberts

F. R. C. V. S., Lond., Eng.
Alberta St., Opp. Methodist Church

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Government Veterinary Inspector

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Professional Violinist and Teacher.
Lessons arranged to be given at your home. Terms moderate.
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Horseshoeing
a Specialty

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CONTRACTOR and BUILDER
Estimates Given Free. Shop at Atlas Lumber Co. Yards.
Phone 49.

J. Bullis

is now prepared to clean yards, haul out manure, or do other team work.

Alberta Stable

Having leased the Alberta Stables, Glass Street, I am now prepared to do a general livery and feed business.
Special attention paid to farmers' business and feeding. General trading of all kinds.
TERMS REASONABLE.

The Alberta Stable
THOS. DAGG, Prop.

Wm. Teward

Plasterer, Bricklayer, Cement Work, Stone Work and Fireplaces a Specialty.

Lacombe, Alta.
Phone R906

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Real Estate, Loans, Insurance
Listings Wanted
Horses For Sale
Dealer in Live Stock of all Kinds
RIMBEY, ALBERTA.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

When you want Soft Water, or Wood, and want it quick and at right prices, call up 74. (A14-t) L. STEERS.

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Live Stock & Farm Sales
AUCTIONEER
BENTLEY - ALBERTA
20 years' experience buying, selling and trading live stock qualifies me as a valuator of your stock.

ECLIPSE PUMP WORKS

General Repair Shop
Nanton St., Lacombe.
General repairs in Guns, Cycles, Pumps, Windmills, Engines, Water and Steam Fitting. Don't send away for your Engine this year, but come and see me. Look at the prices—14 h.p. Pump Engine and Jack, \$48.50; 5 h.p. Engine, \$134.50; 7 h.p. Engine, \$150.00; 3-roll Crusher, \$65.00; 8-plate Grinder, \$30.00; 8-wheel and 30-tower Pumping Mill, \$67.00. All these prices f.o.b. Calgary. Call and see me for prices.
F. V. PARSONS, Prop.

For Sale

A splendid mixed farming ranch of 525 acres, \$21.00 per acre. Terms—10 per cent. cash; interest only at 6 per cent. at end of first year. Balance in 9 equal annual payments bearing interest at 5 per cent.

J. McNicol
Blackfalds, Alta.

Lacombe Second-Hand Store

Overstock of Rifles and Shotguns to be Sold Cheap.
Smokeless Shot Shells, at 65c. per box.
Some Good Values in Pawned Watches.
2 New Williams' \$45.00 Sewing Machines, now \$25.00 each.
1 Good Piano, \$175.00; one \$950.00 Player Piano \$400.00.
Violins, Mandolins, Banjos, Guitars, and Phonographs.
1 \$90.00 Cream Separator for \$35.00.
Inside Paint, \$1.50 per gal.
Heaters—No. 10, \$10.00; No. 17, \$12.00.
Trunks and Valises, Fur Coats, Overcoats; Men's and Boys' Suits, Caps and Mitts; Men's Winter Underwear.
An Auto Oil, \$1.00 per gal.
One 14-inch John Deer Plow.
1 Gas Engine and Plows.
See my High Oven Peninsula Range; it's a beauty.
O. BOODE
Nanton St., - Lacombe

For Sale at the Planing Mill

I am manufacturing Egg, Butter, and Chicken Boxes. A Stock on Hand.
Sash, Window, and Door Frames made to order.
Planing, Rippling, Turning, and Band Sawing at Factory Prices.
Henry T. Bell, Prop.

G. A. HARDY Taxidermist

I am open for any work in this line. Game Heads and Rugs a Specialty.
Prices reasonable.
Over 10 years experience.
Leave work with F. V. PARSONS, Pump Shop, Nanton St.
Lacombe, Alta.

THE VILLAGE OF GULL LAKE

Lacombe, Alberta,
October 19th, 1915.

In the Matter of the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Gull Lake, in the Province of Alberta.

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor Judge Lees, Judge of the District Court of the District of Red Deer, by order of date 11th October, 1915, has appointed Monday, the Twentieth day of December, 1915, at seven (7) o'clock in the afternoon, in the Town Hall, in the Town of Lacombe, in the Province of Alberta, as the time and place for the holding of the Court of Confirmation to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Gull Lake, for arrears of taxes due to said village, to 31st July, 1915.
JOHN McKENTY,
Secretary-Treasurer.
(O. 20-8c)

OPEN EVERY
NIGHT
During
SALE
Watch for Our
BIG RED SIGN

Forced to Raise CASH

New
Clothing
Store
Hotson Block
Opp. Picture Theatres

HARD TIMES HAVE FORCED US TO PUT ON THE MIGHTIEST AND MOST
Genuine, Gigantic

SLAUGHTER SALE

Ever Seen or Heard of in the History of Lacombe. We are Bound
at all Costs to Raise the Necessary Cash

\$30,000 MUST BE HAD QUICK

Be sure and be Early for the wonderful snaps that will be offered you. Get your requirements for years to come, it will pay you. Remember—that your dollars will be worth double at this sale.

Doors will be thrown open
Saturday, Nov. 6
At 9 a. m.

And we will sacrifice to the buying public \$5,000 of the best and most UP-TO-DATE STOCK of Men's and Youth's Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Etc., to raise \$3,000

We want to impress on your mind that this sale is absolutely out of the ordinary every day sale, there will be surprises galore for the buying public. We simply must raise above sum, hence this unheard of slaughter

FREE! Suit Case, Umbrella, Gloves, Hat, Shirt

To the first fifty customers entering store on opening day of sale will be given a free ticket, an opportunity of getting one of these elegant presents absolutely free. It costs you nothing—you may be lucky. Be on hand when the doors open, SATURDAY, at 9 a. m. sharp

BELOW WE MENTION ONLY A FEW OF THE WONDERFUL OFFERINGS!
READ! READ! READ!

Dress and Work Gloves Men's Kid Gloves. Reg. \$1.75, for 95c. Men's Lined Kid and Mocha. Reg. \$1.50, for 95c. Men's Muleskin Gauntlets. Reg. \$1.00, for 60c. Men's Lined Horsehide! Gloves. Reg. \$1.50, for 95c. Men's Buckskin Gloves. Reg. \$1.50, for 95c. Dozens of other lines. Come and see them.	Boots! Boots! Boots! Men's Dongola Blucher; fine quality. Reg. \$3.00, for \$1.35. Men's High Grade Dress Shoes. Reg. \$4.00, for \$2.85. The celebrated Slater Shoe, in black or tan; all kinds. Sells regularly at \$6.50, at \$4.35.	Men's High Top Tan Best quality, 12" in. Reg. \$6.50, at \$4.65. Men's Work Boots. Reg. \$3.00, at \$1.95. Men's Work Boots; all solid. Reg. \$4.50, for \$3.65. Children's Boots at prices that will sell them quick. Get the boy a pair, and Save Half the Price.	Men's Underwear Men's Fleece-lined. Reg. 65c., for 40c. Men's Heavy Ribbed, all wool. Reg. \$1.25, for 85c. Penman's Natural Wool. Reg. \$1.50, for \$1.15. Men's Combination Underwear. Reg. \$3.50, for \$2.65. Dr. Neff's Celebrated Sanitary Underwear; Lamb's Wool. These are Extra High Grade. Reg. \$2.75, for \$1.70. Many other lines too numerous to mention.	Handkerchiefs White and Colored Handkerchiefs. Regular 10c. and 15c., for 5c.	Mufflers Men's Mufflers. Reg. 50c. for 25c. each.
Men's Suits and Overcoats Will they? Well, I guess, yes, at these prices: One lot of Men's Suits, a good strong Tweed. Reg. \$10 & \$12, at \$6.85. One lot of Men's Worsteds Suits. Reg. \$12.50 to \$15, for \$9.65. One lot High-Class Tailored Suits. Reg. \$18 to \$25. Sale price, \$13.95. Men's Fur Collar Overcoat. Reg. \$20, for \$11.95. These Coats are lined with heavy lining and rubber inter-lined. Men's heavy Overcoats in Cloth at like reductions.	Just the thing you want--Men's Sweater Coats reg. \$3 for 1.95 Men's Sweater Coats. Reg. \$4.00, for \$2.95. Men's High Grade Sweater Coats. Reg. \$5.00 to \$5.50. Sale Price, \$3.45.	All Wool Blankets All Wool Heavy Blankets, 7 lbs. Reg. \$4.00, for \$2.85.	Men's Overalls Men's Overalls and Jackets. Several makes; all colors and sizes; union made. Reg. \$1.35, for 85c.	Men's Rubbers Men's fine Rubbers. Reg. \$1.00 for 70c. Men's one-buckle Overshoe. Reg. \$1.75, for \$1.25. Men's Heavy Gum Rubbers. Reg. \$2.50, for \$1.65. Men's Heavy Snag-proof Rubbers. Reg. \$3.00, for \$2.15. All kinds of Boys' Rubbers at similar reductions. Men's Knee Rubber Boots. Reg. \$4.50, at \$3.15.	Shirts ALL Kinds of Dress Skirts, Work Shirts, Hats and Caps, Sox, Mitts, Felt Boots, Moccasins, Shoe-packs, Lumbermen's Sox, at most startling reductions.

Remember Sale Starts Saturday, Nov. 6th, at 9 a. m., sharp

THIS STOCK MUST AND WILL BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF THE MONEY STRINGENCY. Now for Bargains never to be forgotten. We are bound to take all losses regardless of results. COME, is all we have to say. Tell your friends and neighbors.

Come On Opening
Day

Remember the Biggest and Best are sure to be snapped up in a hurry. If you don't see advertised in this paper just what you need or want, ask for it; we have sure got it.

New Clothing Store

HOTSON BLOCK

Opposite Picture
Theatres

Lacombe

Notice to Out of
Town Buyers

Full Railroad Fare refunded to all purchasers of \$20 and over to customers coming within a radius of 50 miles, on production of return ticket.

The Pixies

To the teachers of the Public Schools of Lacombe goes the credit for having made arrangements for the presentation of that delightful operetta, "The Pixies," at the Comet Theatre, on Friday and Saturday evenings last.

Many and varied have been the entertainments produced by local talent in Lacombe in the past, but it is more than doubtful if anything given heretofore has been on so magnificent a scale as that of "The Pixies." Over one hundred young ladies and children took part in its production, which was under the personal direction of the author, Mr. W. A. Milne, of Chicago.

Some fourteen or fifteen of the school boys acted as pixies; others as goblins, brownies, pickaninnies, and monkeys, and their costumes were most grotesque. Then there were fairies by the dozens—all school girls, big and little—dressed in pure white with crowns of dazzling tinsel. Other little girls acted as butterflies, flower girls, pages, etc. But the young ladies—they were delightful in their costumes and drills, twelve appearing as Japanese maidens in a song and drill, and twelve others as Amazon guards in a military drill. All these, together with the principals—the Pixie Prince, the Fairy Queen, the Fairy Exquisite, and Cholly, the harmless dude—constituted the big cast.

Space will not permit of our giving to each one the credit due them in their individual parts, because that would take columns of space. Suffice it to say that each boy and girl of the school did his or her best, and did it well. We doubt if any other equal number of boys and girls from any other school in the province could do any better after the same short time of rehearsal, after school hours of eleven days.

But we would like to say a few words about the abilities of the principal characters—the Pixie Prince, the Fairy Queen, the Fairy Exquisite, Cholly, the harmless dude, the Japanese Maidens, and last, but by no means least, the Amazon Guards.

Prince Florimel, ruler of the Pixie Band (Mrs. W. F. Graham).—This, the principal role, could not have been placed in better hands. Mrs. Graham presents a prepossessing appearance upon the stage, and is the possessor of a beautiful voice. Her singing was greatly enjoyed by the large crowds present on both evenings.

Queen Titania, Goddess of the Flowers (Miss Lila Boardman).—Miss Boardman gave of her best to the part assigned her. She appeared somewhat nervous at the start, but this soon wore off. She is the possessor of a rich alto voice, as was noticed in the duet rendered by her and the Prince. It is to be hoped that she will be seen in future entertainments made up of local talent.

Angelica, the Fairy Exquisite (Mrs. D. L. Garland).—Mrs. Garland's singing is always enjoyed by Lacombe audiences. Her voice is one of great sweetness, and she handled it well on Friday and Saturday evenings last.

Cholly, the Harmless Dude (Mr. S. Bird).—Lacombe audiences are always glad to see Mr. Bird's name upon a programme. They always look for something good, and are never disappointed. He portrayed that much-abused piece of humanity true to life on Friday and Saturday evenings last. His singing was also warmly received.

Honey Boy (Miss Flora Cameron).—One of the most delightful numbers upon the programme of music by this young lady. Every one present enjoyed it. Her voice is soft, sweet, and mellow.

Chinaman, a Pixie (Jas. Calder).—This boy's song and dance threw some jollity into the evening's entertainment.

Tinymite (Lillian Clarke).—This little miss took her part very well indeed. She showed no stage-fright whatever.

Chief of the Goblins (Adna Reeves).—He proved to be the right boy for the place, and was ably assisted by his lieutenant, Charlie Halpin.

Japanese Maidens.—This song and drill, acted according to Japanese customs, was one of the evening's most enjoyable numbers, and the young ladies, one and all, are to be congratulated for their efforts to please.

The Amazon Guards.—This drill by the young ladies composing the guard was, without doubt, the evening's biggest hit. The movements of the young ladies during the drill, and the formations executed, were accomplished without a hitch, and they richly deserved the uproarious applause they received. They responded to the applause on both evenings.

It is to be hoped that the young ladies will not disdain now that the director has gone, but will meet at least one or two nights a week for an hour or so and keep in condition. There will be other entertainments of a local nature in the near future for patriotic purposes, etc., and their performance would be a delightful addition to any such programme. People do not quickly tire of such a drill as that given by these young ladies at the Pixie show. To go a step further—it would be a good attraction in front of the grandstand at our local fair next year. Think it over, girls.

The names of the young ladies taking part in these two drills will be found in the grand cast at the end of this article.

Great praise must be given to the accompanist (Miss Hiron), and the violinist (Mrs. Rose Greve), who furnished the music during the evening. These accomplished musicians handled the difficult music like unto past masters of the piano and violin. The writer has heard more than one speak in glowing terms of the music furnished for the Pixie entertainment.

As a result of the entertainments the School will be able to buy pictures and decorations to the value of almost \$100.00.

The names and parts taken by the young ladies and children will be found in the following

CAST OF CHARACTERS

Prince Florimel, ruler of the Pixie Band, Mrs. W. F. Graham
Queen Titania, Goddess of the Flowers, Miss Lila Boardman
Angelica, the Fairy Exquisite, Mrs. D. L. Garland
Cholly, the Harmless Dude, Mr. S. Bird

THE PIXIES

Sailor, Willie Clarke
Policeman, Morris Tees
Major, Arthur Lundie
Jew, John Case
Hollander, Carl Watt
Uncle Sam, William Wilson
Johnnie Bull, Edwin McLeod
Jaki, Arthur Storey
Pickaninnies, Arthur Storey
BROWNIES—Herbert Hutton, Cyril Patstone, Lawrence Winters, Fred Outhouse.

GOBLINS—Adna Reeves, Chief; Charlie Halpin, Nelson Gourlay, Douglas Puffer, Ronald McCully, Harry Vickerson, Lowell Clarke, Albert Boardman.

AMAZON GUARDS—(A Military Drill)—Mrs. Arnot, Mae Talbot, Irene McLaughlin, Bernice Ross, Winnie Talbot, Etta Cameron, Belle Simpson, Jean Miller, Mammie Hynes, Dora Talbot, Bernice Wright, Faye Nicholson.

JAPANESE MAIDENS—Maude Tees, Mary MacNaughton, Nancy Calder, Carrie French, Nena Ross, Ivy Parsons, Olive Randall, Jean Cannon, Ruth Lundy, Margery Day, Florence Redig, Agnes Caldwell.

THE FAIRIES

Page, Gertrude Gourlay
Sunshine, Kathleen Campbell
Tinymite, Lillian Clarke
Tiddewinks, Verna Sharke
Honey Boy, Flora Cameron

BUTTERFLIES—Ruby Lockerby, Beatrice Wynn, Laura Tittsworth, Margaret Calder.

THE FAIRY HOST—Lela Graham, Ruth Trimble, Sarah Collier, Norma Day, Olive Reed, Velma Pumphrey, Muriel Curtis, Honor Tett, Margaret Morrison, Elsie Craigen, Irene McLeod, Vivian Pratt, Mary Teward, Jean Collier, Sheila Cameron, Blanche Tees, Margaret Calder, Elva Denike, Margaret Watt, May Horn, Amy Boode, Ruth Weber, Lorene Myers, Madeline Haynes, Alice McMurry, Annie Halpin, Gwen Halpin, Mary Travis, Lucy Waugh, Loretta Chase, Anne Raymond, Beulah Bullis, Florence Cannon, Olive Cheed, Eleanor Tett, Lela Tittsworth, Marion Halpin, Robena Scorgie, Christine Haynes, Beth Lundy, Gertrude Ramsay, Lorna Blair, Ida Olson, Maud Pocock, Mary Wilson, Irene McLeod, Helen Reid, Winnie Winter, Jessie Redig, Florence Godfrey.

ACCOMPANIST—Miss Hiron; VIOLIN—Mrs. Rose Greve.

FRUIT, THE GREAT PHYSICIAN

Healing Powers of Fruit Proved by "Fruit-a-lives"

The simple juices of apples, oranges, lemons and pears, when transformed into "Fruit-a-lives" will relieve diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Skin.

The truth of this statement has been proved in thousands of cases of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuritis and Chronic Headaches.

The enormous sales of "Fruit-a-lives" are the best proof of the value of this fruit medicine.

Box a box, 6 for \$3.50, trial also 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

SCHOOL CHILDREN BURNED LIKE RATS CAUGHT IN A TRAP

Peabody, Mass., Oct. 28.—Fire broke out in the St. John's parochial school shortly after the daily session began today, and

flames swept through the building, which was a three-story structure, almost before the children got out of their rooms. The stairways were jammed with smoke and flames, and while the teachers tried to send the children out by the usual fire drill the onrush of the flames caused a panic.

Peabody, Mass., Oct. 28.—Twenty bodies had been recovered from the ruins of the St. John's parochial school at 11 o'clock.

NO HOPE HE SAYS OF NEW ADVANCE AT DARDANELLES

London, Oct. 28.—In a lecture last night on the Dardanelles operations, Captain Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, the British press representative in that continent, said that although the allies were firmly established in the Dardanelles he did not think there was any chance of a further advance.

"The Turks are too numerous and skilful," said Captain Ashmead-Bartlett. "Despite their losses, there are now not less than 800,000 Turks under arms, and the longer they fight the



in Macedonia long ago. This would have absolutely stopped any nonsense from Bulgaria, and probably brought her in on our side.

In conclusion, Captain Ashmead-Bartlett said he was no pessimist, and that he believed firmly that as soon as there was the proper co-ordination and concentration on the part of the British forces, government and nation, the right way would be found to achieve a permanent success against Great Britain's enemies.

FRENCH TREATMENT OF PRISONERS OF WAR

As the war continues the problems of the prisoners of war is assuming serious proportions. In each of the belligerent countries there is a steadily increasing number of aliens requiring food and shelter. The situation is much the same as it is in every country the poorhouses of refuge

in view of the serious declassification of industry caused by war, it is not easy to accommodate hundreds of thousands of men with suitable and remunerative employment.

The report confesses to a certain lack of clothing. Many prisoners have not been able to replace worn-out garments by new ones. This was remedied to a considerable extent by gifts from the German Red Cross and from relations in Germany.

On the whole, it is stated that German prisoners of war have no complaints to make. With rare exceptions the organization and conduct of the French internment camps is really excellent, and shows clearly the pains with which the officers in charge perform their duties.

Reading between the lines one can see clearly from this report that the Red Cross has an important part to play with regard to prisoners of war. Even when his captors carry out regulations faithfully as do the French, the prisoner still endures certain privations. His wants can only be supplied by generous contributions from his own country.

The Canadian prisoner of war in Germany, even should he get the best treatment from his captors that can reasonably be expected, still has need of assistance from the Canadian Red Cross. In case of German neglect or inhumanity the prisoners need is even more apparent.

There is no difficulty in sending supplies for the German government is quite willing to have the burden of maintaining prisoners of war taken off its hands.

ALLIES' CASE HOPELESS AT DARDANELLES

London, Oct. 28.—A hopeless view of the position of the Allies in the Dardanelles is taken by Captain Granville Fortescue in his forthcoming book, "What of the Dardanelles?" from which preliminary extracts are quoted in the Daily News this morning, and which are given in the current issue of the British Weekly.

Captain Fortescue, formerly of the United States cavalry, saw the Dardanelles and Gallipoli campaign from the Turkish side as an American correspondent, and the fact that his book has been passed by the censor is declared to be the most significant piece of news received for a long time from the Dardanelles.

"The Balkan crisis comes at an opportune time," says Capt. Fortescue. "Evacuation of the Dardanelles can now be excused as a military necessity. He who pushed the plan can escape indictment of his folly in the east. What would have been a blow to British prestige can be explained away. The gigantic failure and its cost, 100,000 casualties, will become history."

But the position is not without a threat of disaster to the Germans.

"It can be accepted as certain," Captain Fortescue writes, "that the German general staff knows the whole truth about the situation in the Dardanelles. They know that the Mediterranean expeditionary force must withdraw or it will be exterminated. If it is withdrawn it returns to the western battle line. At present Germany has her hands full in that zone. She must prevent this completely organized army from reinforcing Sir John French."

"Once already the Allies have been distracted from the theatre of the main operations. The German general staff ask themselves, 'Can not this manoeuvre be repeated with success?' King Ferdinand is paid his price, and the experiment is made. The German push into Serbia has for one of its main objects the mobilizing of the large British forces concentrated at the Dardanelles base. By the attack on Serbia it hopes to draw these troops into the Balkan theatre and so destroy their usefulness against the main objectives."

"If this war is to end in something more than an inconclusive draw, Germany will have to be beaten in France and Flanders. Wherever pressure is brought to bear in this zone far flung German troops fly back to it like springs suddenly released, but if the Teuton staff can induce its opponents to exhaust their energies in other fields the lost sections of France and Belgium will never be recovered."

That terrible croupy cough
You know how dangerous it is. You want to check it at once, of course. But the chest will only get worse with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The remedy will cure the cough and soothe the inflamed parts. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is safe and sure.
25c a bottle
CHAMBERLAIN'S LINIMENT

WANTED FOR SALE ESTRAY

HEATER FOR SALE
Good-sized heater, good as new, for sale cheap. Apply to J. N. McLeod, Lacombe. (N. 3-c)

DUCKS FOR SALE
Pure-bred Indian Runner Ducks for sale. Apply to Mrs. F. Dutcher, Lacombe. Rural phone. (N. 6-c)

FOR SALE
Pure-bred Duroc Jersey boars; also a few Rose-Combs Rhode Island Red Roosters. Apply to Thos. Henderson, Lacombe. Phone 907. (O. 27-4p)

HEATER FOR SALE
One large-sized Cole Heater, only used one season, for sale at a snap. Apply H. R. Steele, Barnett Ave. (O. 20-2p)

WANT LAND BROKE
I own the N.W. Quarter 19-40-25, about five miles straight east on Lacombe Main Street. Will give the use of this land 5 years and the wood off same to party breaking not less than 40 acres. Write F. B. Banter, Coleridge, Neb., for particulars. (O. 20-4c)

FOR SALE
Horse, democrat, and harness, for sale at a snap. Call up phone 181, or apply to Mrs. McCully. (O. 20)

BULL CALF ESTRAY
Estray on the premises of O. Walker, one bull calf, white star on forehead, white spot over shoulder and hips, white tip on tail. No brand. H. Slater, Brand Reader and Inspector. (O. 20-3c)

TWO COWS LOST
One white-faced cow, branded 2KR left hip; one dark red cow branded 2KR left hip. Finder notify H. Slater, Lacombe.

HORSE ESTRAY
A bald-faced, white feet, 12 years old, sore on right shoulder. Finder please notify D. W. Garner, Great West Stables, Lacombe, for reward.
D. W. GARNER.

ESTRAY
One old buckskin cow, branded WN with half diamond over on right hip. Last seen about ten days ago 4 miles north of Bentley. Also one red steer left here about 8 days ago; same brand, star, knobs for horns, and bob tail. Suitable reward for information. Walt Stevens, Rimbey, Alta. (O. 20-4p)

COTTAGE TO RENT
That comfortable cottage on Day St., now occupied by Jack Ford, is to rent from November 1st. Apply to W. E. Tees, Lacombe. (O. 20-3c)

ROOMS TO RENT
Furnished room to rent, including heat and light. Apply to Manager of Union Bank of Canada, Lacombe. (S. 15-tfc)

STABLE TO RENT
Tenders will be received up to the 30th for the renting of my stable on Barnett Avenue, for one year. No tender necessarily accepted. Apply to P. H. Winter, Lacombe. (S. 22-3c)

NOTICE OF ESTRAY ANIMAL
On premises of Capt. Evans, 4 miles west of Lacombe, one red yearling steer and one red yearling heifer, each branded 4V with quarter circle above on right ribs. Also one red steer calf, some white on belly and legs, white spot in forehead; no visible brand.
W. R. WINSLOW,
(O. 27-3c) Brand Reader.

Gun Lost

A 12 ga. Double-Barrelled, hammerless, Parker Shot-Gun was lost East of Lacombe a few weeks ago. Finder will receive a liberal reward on returning it to W. E. TEES, Lacombe. (N. 3-tfc)

EMPIRE GARAGE

W. E. Tees, Prop.
Phone 199

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.

I have now an up-to-date Heating Plant in my Garage. Get a stall and keep your car running all winter. Starting November 1st I will charge: Day or Evening, 25c. Over Night, 50c. By month, \$10.00.

SERVICE IS MY MOTTO.

Wanted.—Position as general maid in small family. Competent. References given. Apply at Western Globe Office. (O. 20-4p)

Your Economy List

For 25c

QUAKER OATS.
2 SHREDDED WHEAT.
2 lbs. KIPPERED HERRINGS.
3 lbs. BAKING SODA.
WAGSTAFFE'S HONEY.
10 lbs. ONIONS.
4 JELLY POWDERS.
3 pkts. of SPICES.
1 lb. FRY'S COCOA.
ROBIN HOOD OATS.

For 50c

5 lbs. EVAPORATED PRUNES.
4 lbs. SEEDLESS RAISINS.
4 lbs. NEW CURRANTS.
20 lbs. OYSTERSHELL.
8 lbs. RICE.
3 TIGER SALMON.
4 CAMPBELL'S SOUPS.
5 cans of CORN.
5 cans of PEAS.
4 tins of HERRINGS.

GRAPES, per basket, 37c.

Grain Prices

We receive Winnipeg and Fort William prices daily by wire, and can handle your grain to best advantage, in car loads. Phone us for prices.

No. 24

Poultry

Now is the time to Market Your Poultry. For prices and particulars Phone Us or

Lacombe Creamery

Heaps of Your Winter Needs In Best Assortments and Values



Success

Successful selection of Ladies Coat Models has been satisfactorily demonstrated in our sales. Our Moderate Pricings have helped, and altogether the styles, materials, and values afforded our customers the most satisfactory choice of the Winter Coat. We here show three of our Models, and invite you to look over our styles and values.

Coatings

While they last are Extra Values. We offer a choice of beautiful fabrics at prices that make values that are unobtainable now on the markets. Per yard,

\$1.25 to \$2.00

House Furnishings

We have just to hand a select assortment of Draperies and Furnishings. The Newest Things in the Best Values procurable.

Repps

For Draperies and Furniture Coverings: New Patterns, in Roman Stripes, 50 inches wide. Per yard,

37½ to 60c

Tapestries

Heavy Tapestries, for Curtains and Coverings, in brown and green colorings, 50 inches wide. Per yard,

\$1.00 and \$1.40

Cretonnes

New Cretonnes. Pretty Designs, in green, brown, and red colorings. A good range of Patterns, at, per yard,

12½c, 15c, 20c

Reversible Cretonnes

Reversible Cretonnes, in heavy strong wearing qualities of green and dark red colorings, and in light and dark shades. Per yd., 30 inches wide, 20c

36 inches wide, 30c

Tapestry Curtains

Tapestry Curtains, in a nice range of patterns and colorings, red, green, and green and gold, 40 by 104 inches. Per yard,

\$3.25



BOY'S CLOTHING

Suits for the Boys, made up of heavy warm Tweeds and strong Worsted, in nice dark shades. Surprising Values at from

\$4.50 to \$7.50

Suits for the Boys the Best of Values



Men's Suits

A Showing of Extra Values

We have just to hand another special purchase of Semi-Ready Clothing. Suits made up of the finest qualities of warm Tweeds, and tailored in the High Class Semi-Ready style. They are all the regular \$25.00 to \$35.00 quality of Men's Suits for

\$16.00

These values are a Suit Opportunity that should not be missed.

Special Values In Our Noted Line of Priestley's BLACK Dress Goods

PIRIESTLEY'S MADRAS CREPE.—A beautiful Pure Wool Material, 42 inches wide. Per yard,

\$1.50

PIRIESTLEY CREPE.—A Pure Wool Black Crepe of a fine soft weave, 40 inches wide.

75c and \$1.00

PIRIESTLEY CRINKLE CREPE DE CHINE.—A lovely all Silk Fabric, and 42 inches wide. Per yard,

\$2.00

PIRIESTLEY'S CASHMERE.

Per yard,

65c

PIRIESTLEY WHIPCORD.

Per yard,

75c

PIRIESTLEY'S SERGES.

Special Value at

\$1.25

PIRIESTLEY'S BLACK SATIN CLOTH.—Fine strong weave; excellent for Skirts and Dresses. 44 inches wide.

\$1.00

PIRIESTLEY'S BLACK SILK and WOOL CREPE.—Soft lustrous finish, and 42 inches wide. Per yard,

\$1.50

PIRIESTLEY'S VENETIAN CLOTH.—Pure Wool, good weight for Skirts or Suits. 46 inches wide.

\$1.00

Morningside News

There was a splendid evening spent in dancing on Friday night, the 22nd ult., at Morningside, in the new school-house, and their was about fifty couple present. The floor was in good condition, and the orchestra played some very interesting dance music. The floor was well managed by Mr. Cambridge. The supper was all that could be desired, and was taken advantage of by the hungry lads. There was also a generous sized box of "wind falls." A number of dances were given after supper, ending with the ever-popular "Home, Sweet Home" waltz, after which everyone retired with a happy smile upon their faces.

Arbordale News

Mrs. Arthur Calkins and Master Donald are in from Mountain House for a few days visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Marvel Rowland is the proud captor of two large white owls, which measure nearly six feet from tip to tip of wings. We would insist on Miss Rowland capturing some of the many cays.

R. Reister is opening up a piece of road known as the "Reister Road," west of his place, which will be a great convenience to the east and west.

B. F. Butcher moved his threshing machinery into Long Valley last week, where he will be for a month or more.

William Stewart lost a valuable horse last week.

The Helping Hand Society had their regular semi-monthly meeting at the Lewis home, and

it proved to be one of the best meetings for some time. Committees were appointed for various duties. They expect to celebrate their first anniversary during the holidays. Their next meeting will be at the Sage home. A full attendance is requested.

Captain Gaitskell returned last Friday from Montreal to join his company. Mrs. Gaitskell and children went to Calgary last Saturday morning.

The editor's comment on the Packing Plant at Red Deer, in some of the last issues, was very satisfactory to the paper's many readers. If there were millions in it there would be plenty of capital forthcoming for the exploitation of such a plant without filching from the farmers. We would be pleased to sign a contract for furnishing hogs for such an institution, providing they would pay as much as their competitors.

F. H. Duckett has been doing some valuable road-work the past week.

R. M. Whitecotton, and family of Ponoka, visited at the B. S. Burke home last Sunday. They motored down in their new car.

Heavy Hail Losses

The Farmers' Mutual Hail Insurance Association, of Iowa, with head office for Alberta at Lacombe, has just finished an extra year's business, and is now engaged in getting in the assessments. This year was a very hard one on Hail Companies in general, the worst, in fact, on record. The local company got a very large share of the business of the Province—over three million dollars—and its losses to

date are in the neighborhood of \$230,000. The company has a reputation for fair dealing with the farmers who insure in it, and this accounts for the great business, this year. The business is scattered all over Alberta, and there is not a portion of the Province where they are not represented, and there is hardly a district where hail losses did not occur. As all losses should be paid on January 1st, the manager, C. W. Rutledge, is now calling on all members to pay up, as the ability of the Company to pay on time is governed by the farmers who use the insurance, and he reports payments are being made very satisfactorily.

Mr. Rutledge expects a great increase in business next year, as the farmers of Alberta now realize that they are very subject to hail losses, and that they cannot afford to be unprotected.

Lieut. Kennedy's Narrow Escape

Lieutenant Rodrick Stuart Kennedy, 12th West Yorkshire Regiment, a graduate of McGill University, and son of Mr. Howland and Angus Kennedy, of Lacombe, was wounded in the hot fighting on Sunday, Sept. 26. He evidently had an extraordinary escape, but two spent themselves on his clothes or other belongings, and the other two wounded him but slightly.

"It is hard," he writes, "to give any details of the battle. Our particular action came off on Sunday morning, the 26th. We had been marching up to the firing line, since 9 o'clock Satur-

day morning, without food, drink or rest. We got our first touches of shrapnel on the way up. That was our first taste of fire, and it naturally caused a certain amount of dodging, but after that I did not mind it at all. We had to take up a position south of Hulluch, which our attack had gained on Saturday, and we were there. We got there at 3 a.m., and most of the time after that I tried to make the men dig themselves in. This was hard work, as they were dead tired and the soil was chalky, and we only had entrenching tools. We never got further down than three feet, so it was lucky that when the light came we did not get a very heavy bombardment.

"Our brigade and two others were timed, to make a big attack at 11 a.m., but the Germans beat the regiment on our right, and appeared on our flank at 10.30, just when we were getting ready. The Germans stayed in a long strip of wood while we were in the open, so we came under considerable rifle and machine-gun fire, and all the regiments of the brigade got mixed up. I got shot soon after the beginning, and in various places in my clothes later on while trying to collect what fellows I could to make a stand in a road while some more of our men made a stand in a quarry near by, so that we prevented the Germans from coming out of the wood until another British regiment came up at 12.30. Then, after they had passed us, I started for home across some miles of open ground which was being furiously shelled by the enemy. I stopped half-way across, it in a hole made by a high explosive shell in order to

do my hand up, but found that a bullet had gone through my pocket and cut up my handbag and iodine tubes, so I had to wait until I could get to the dressing station. Luckily the thing did not bleed very much, and hardly caused me discomfort. After riding on an ammunition wagon and a French farm cart, I got down to the field hospital, where I slept that night on the floor, moved on in the morning to the clearing hospital, and next morning went down to the big hospital at Treport, near Dieppe, where I stayed three days very comfortably, though it was very crowded.

"I lost all the kit I had on me at the time, as I was just getting ready for our attack when the Germans attacked us; but I hope to see my valises some time. I am afraid the field glasses are now rejoicing the heart of some German, as I had just lent them to a corporal to go scouting with, and he was captured or killed."

Red Cross Notes

The Red Cross sewing meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. (Dr.) Collier on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The Red Cross knitting meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Duncan on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

One of the most satisfactory indications about this year's campaign for the Patriotic and Red Cross funds is that practically everybody is giving, that citizens in all walks of life, from the humblest to the highest, are making some sacrifice for their country.

The business man assesses him-

self so much per month out of his income, the mechanic or clerk gives a day's pay a month, the restaurant man gives a patriotic luncheon or tea once a while and hands over the proceeds, the stockman arranges to part with a few horses or cattle, and the farmer sets apart his patriotic acre and gives the result to the fund.

It is also satisfactory to know that our people are helping gladly and cheerfully to carry the burdens of which all must bear a share.

IS COMMITTED FOR TRIAL UPON MURDER

The preliminary hearing in the Jenkins murder case was concluded in the Mounted Police Court yesterday afternoon, and George E. Leek, the negro charged with the crime of taking the life of Noah A. Hoover, American army veteran, was committed for trial by Chief Nicholson, of the Provincial Police. There was a large number of

witnesses, and the hearing lasted until six o'clock. Much of the evidence given by the different witnesses went to prove that the accused was in the neighborhood around the 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th of October, and that he had been staying with the deceased some of the time. Two of the witnesses spoke to hearing the sound of a gun being fired in the direction of Hoover's shack between eight and nine o'clock on the night of the 6th. Other witnesses gave evidence of the accused having the deceased's gun and watch in his possession. From the evidence adduced it would appear that the old man had been in a sitting posture at the time of the shooting, and that the shot had been fired at close range. The deceased was missed for some days by his neighbors, and on the 11th a dozen neighbors went to the shack and five of them went in, and found the body of the deceased lying on the bed, completely covered except for the right hand, which was out from under the bedclothes. A number of the witnesses identified the gun and watch produced in court as belonging to the deceased.

ANTI-GERMAN IN TURKEY

News from Constantinople, said to be authoritative, says, that the anti-German movement is growing daily and that Ahmed Riza, leader of the Young Turks, party, who wished to interpolate the government regarding Turkey's reasons for entering the conflict, was not permitted to do so. The government has forbidden senators and deputies to discuss the Turkish foreign policy.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

What They Cured

Here's the remarkable experience of a Nova Scotian:

"I was once a terrible sufferer with kidney and bladder troubles, and at times I would lose the use of my legs, and could not go away from home without some one with me. I was treated by different doctors for 3 years, and only got temporary relief. My son advised me to take Gin Pills, and after taking the first 3 or 4 doses I got relief. I continued to take them until I got completely cured. I owe my life to Gin Pills."

For every bottle of Gin Pills, a box or 5 boxes for \$2.00 at all druggists. Sample Treatment Free if requested. National Drug & Chemical Co., of Canada Limited, Toronto.